KENTUCKY GAZETTE.

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THE CRISIS.—No. I.

THE present period of American affairs, may very justly be considered, as the most dangerous and important that we have seen, since the revolution. We fondly entertained the hope, that an emancipation from the tyranny of Great Britain, had laid the foundation for the complete enjoyment of uninterrupted happiness, and put an end to the evils attendant on foreign connexions.—Subsequent to that great and glorious struggle for those rights which God had given to us, as a portion of the the human race, we found ourselves in the possession of natural and political advantages, which promised to raise the American character to the summit of national grandeur.—A peculiar mildness in the disposition of our citizens, added to the increasing state of knowledge and improvements, calculated our country to enjoy the liberty which it had acquired, and to afford us the pleasing hope, that past experience would teach us to unite a becoming jealousy of our rights, with that moderation and wisdom, which might prevent the dangers of internal faction, and foreign encroachment—But, alas! these delightful prospects have been shut out from our view, and instead of enjoying the meridian of happiness, which we were led to calculate as the reward of our successes, and the result of our situation, we behold our political hemisphere, surrounded with clouds, and live to anticipate the disasters of an approaching storm—Indeed, it has not only began to rage at a distance, attended with the most serious afflictions to our citizens on the ocean, but its violence has pervaded the American continent, and given birth to a disunion of sentiment on the subject of our political operations, which threatens our existence as an independent and powerful nation.

An enquiry into the causes of these effects, which make the most alarming crisis in our affairs, becomes the dignity and duty of a freeman; who ought not only to feel himself highly interested in recalling his fleeting happiness, but cloathed with legislative powers, forming plans for the protection of the rights of his fellow citizens and of the generations which are to come. It is to this impartiality, and expanded philanthropy, that we are *now* to appeal, for a restoration of our former happiness, at a period when our union is threatened with dissolution, our government with subversion and our continent, perhaps, with the fire-brands of foreign hostility. In the days of our greater security, the spirit of party, might perhaps have been less criminal; but now that our political salvation depends upon a candid consideration of what our real duty & interest should lead us to, it would be unpardonable to be governed by sinister motives upon so important a question, or by any other principles than what are suggested by conscience.

The remarks which will be exhibited in the course of this enquiry, are addressed more particularly to the citizens of Kentucky, than to the inhabitants of any other state; first, because I conceive that the present democratical spirit which almost generally pervades the commonwealth, in opposition to government, to be replete with the most dangerous consequences to its future happiness; and, secondly, because I conceive that at this particular crisis, such opposition, is not only dangerous to the union at large, but can subserve no beneficial or favorable end, whatever.

A just estimate of our rights as a nation, the blessings of internal peace, and the advantages of national dignity and independence, must be thrown into the scale, against an invasion of those rights, the horrors of a continental war, and a shameful subservience to the will and influence of foreign nations.—In this calculation, we are to look behind us and take a retrospective view of the blessings from which we are rapidly receeding, occasioned by our own conduct, and to look before us towards the future prospects of our country, in order to form a determination, whether we are to permit them to lower with the fate of Venice and Switzerland, or to regain the former splendour which attracted our own, and the admiration of the world.—In forming this determination, it requires no arguments to shew which situation the mind will choose to adopt.—The first exhibits a melancholy instance of national debasement, the loss of independence and the loss of happiness; and the other of every thing that is desirable, and truly great and exalted. But in choosing to regain our former enviable station as a free and happy people, infinite wisdom, and much deliberation becomes absolutely necessary.—Upon the adoption of measures, our fate will intirely depend; nor will it be hazarding an improper opinion, when I say that the United States of America, precariously situated as they are at present, have no advantages to expect, in her progress to happiness, by opposing the measures of government, at this time, for what has been done, or from rejecting those proceedings with an inflamatory violence, neither recommended by the constitution, by natural law, or justifiable on the score of policy.——Particular circumstances, give origin to particular measures in the concerns of individual life, as well as in the affairs of a nation.—If errors insidiously creep into the administration of a government, a wise people will calculate the time and the existing situation of their affairs, before they attempt to abrogate principles which might answer beneficial purposes at one period, and be felt as real evils at another.——The period has not yet arrived, when the doctrine of resistance becomes necessary in its application, to prevent the loss of our liberties, and to repel the incroachments of internal tyranny.—A government must have made considerable advances towards despotic power, before a people can, justly, consistent with their duty, lay aside the milder modes of seeking redress, for the assumption of those more violent and immediately effective——When this period arrives, it is then a duty to resist; but until our affairs become ripe, for so lamentable an alternative, it is consistent with sound policy, to complain with caution, and to remonstrate with moderation.

PHOCION.

Laws of the United States.

An Act, to declare the treaties heretofore concluded with France, no longer obligatory on the United States.

WHEREAS the treaties concluded between the United States and France, have been repeatedly violated on the part of the French government; and the just claims of the United States for reparation of the injuries so committed have been refused, and their attempts to negotiate an amicable adjustment of all complaints between the two nations, have been repelled with indignity; and whereas, under unthority of the French government, there is yet pursued against the United States, a system of predatory violence, infracting the said treaties, and hostile to the rights of a free and independent nation.

Be it enacted by the senate and house of representatives of the United States, of America, in congress assembled, That the United States are of right freed and exonerated from the stipulations of the treaties, and of the Consular convention, heretofore concluded between the United States and France; and the same shall not henceforth be regarded as legally obligatory on the government or citizens of the United States.

Approved July, 7, 1798.

JOHN ADAMS,
President of the United States.

An Act in addition to the act entitled "An act for the punishment of certain crimes against the United States."

BE *it enacted by the senate and house of representatives of the the United States of America, in congress assembled*, That if any person shall unlawfully combine or conspire together with intent to oppose any measure or measures, of the government of the United States, which are or shall be directed by proper authority, or to impede the operation of any law of the United States, or to intimidate or prevent any person holding a place or office in or under the government of the United States, from undertaking, performing or executing his trust or duty; and if any person or persons, as aforesaid, shall counsel, advise or attempt to procure any insurrection, riot, unawful assembly or combination, whether such conspiracy, threatening, counsel advice, or attempt shall have the proposed effect or not, he or they shall be deemed guilty of a high misdemeanor, and on conviction, before any court of the United States having jurisdiction thereof, shall be punished by a fine not exceeding five thousand dollars, and by imprisonment during a term not less than six months nor exceeding five years, and further, at the discretion of the court, may be holden to find sureties for his good behaviour, in such sum & for such time, as the said court may direct.

§ 2. *And be it furth*[illegible]*er enacted*, That if any pers[illegible]son shall write, print, utter or publish, or shall cause or procure to be written, printed, uttered or published, or shall knowingly or wittingly assist, or aid in writing printing, uttering or publishing any false, scandalous and malicious writing or writings against the government of the United States, or either house of the congress of the United States, or the president of the United States with intent to defame the said government or either house of the said congress, or the said president, or to bring them or either of them into contempt or disrepute, or to excite against them, or any of them the hatred of the good people of the United States, or to stir up sedition within the United States, or to excite any unlawful combinations therein for opposing or resisting any law of the United States, or any act of the president of the United States, done in pursuance of any such law, or of the powers in him vested by the constitution of the United States, or to resist, oppose, or defeat any such law or act, or to aid, encourage or abet any hostile designs of any foreign nation against the United States, their people or government, then such person, being thereof convicted before any court of the United States having jurisdiction thereof, shall be punished by a fine, not exceeding two thousand dollars, and by imprisonment not exceeding two years.

§ 3. *And be it further enacted*, That if any person shall be prosecuted under this act, for the writing or publishing any libel as aforesaid, it shall be lawful for the defendant, upon the trial of the cause, to give in evidence in his defence, the truth of the matter contained in the publication charged as a libel. And the jury who shall try the cause, shall have a right to determine the law and the fact, under the direction of the court, as in other cases.

§ 4. *And be it further enacted*, That this act shall continue and be in force until the third day of March one thousand eight hundred and one, and no longer: Provided, that the expiration of the act shall not prevent or defeat the prosecution and punishment of any offence against the law, during the time it shall be in force.

Approved July 14th, 1798.

TO BE SOLD,

A Negro Woman,

WHO has been used to house work.—enquire of the Printer.

Lexington August 6th, 1798.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the subscriber will attend on Saturday the 8th of September next, with the commissioners appointed by the court of Montgomery county, at a spring in said county, known by the name of Corks spring, to receive and perpetuate testimony respecting Andrew Linn's' improvement, and to do such other acts as may be deemed necessary in regard to his claim.

JOHN HAWKINS, agent for the heirs of Andrew Linn.

August 6th, 1798.

TAKEN up by the subscriber, living in Clarke county, on Lulbulgrud, a bay horse, four years old, no brand, about thirteen hands and a half high, some white on the near hind foot, appraised to 10l. 10s.

WILLIAM FRAZER.

March, 26th, 1798. ‡

TAKEN up at the plantation of the subscriber, living on the Sycamore fork of Slate creek, Montgomery county, a sorrel horse, about nine years old, about fourteen hands high, blaze face, branded on the near buttock RB, and on the off buttock IB, posted, and appraised to 12l.

WM. HANKS.

April 13, 1798. ‖

C. FREEMAN,

PHYSICIAN & SURGEON,

Late of the Indian towns, from the North-Western Territory of the United States, now at Lexington in Kentucky.

RESPECTFULLY informs the public, that he has been regularly bred to the art of PHYSIC and SURGERY, studied three and an half years with doctor Laurence, V. D. Veer, an eminent practitioner, and late president of the medical society of the state of New-Jersey; attended doctor William Shippen's lectures on anatomy, surgery and midwifery, in the city of Philadelphia—received a license to practice as a physician and surgeon throughout the state of New-Jersey, 13th of August, 1785, from the honorable David Brearly and Isaac Smith, two of the justices of the supreme court of the state of New-Jersey, agreeable to an act passed 25th November, 1783, by the council and general assembly of that state, for regulating the practice of physic and surgery.

Since which time, he has travelled through twenty-two different tribes of Indians, among whom he has resided nearly four years, and made it his constant study to investigate and find out the virtues of all kinds of herbs, roots, plants and simples, used by them in the curing of diseases; by which means he has made a number of valuable discoveries in the healing art, and now (with the blessing of God) cures and gives relief in most diseases incident to the human body—viz. Fevers, inflamations, eruptions, hemorrhajes, fluxes, fits, cramps, convulsions, head-aches, sore-eyes, bleeding at the nose, colds, coughs, pain in the breast, spitting of blood, pains in the stomach, indigestion, night sweats, inward debilities, low spirits, vapours in men, histerics in women, difficulty of making water, bloody urine, costiveness and rheumatism, effectually destroys worms, cures fixt and wandering pains arising in different parts of the body, the effects of the improper use of mercury, green wounds, old sores, ulcers, burns, scalds, cankers, scald-head in children, piles and fistulas, the whites in women, and all seminal weaknesses in both sexes; the bite of the viper, rattle snake, and all venomous bites effectually cured.

The many cures performed within four years past, which will fully appear (to any gentleman who will please to call upon him, being too lengthy for this paper) by papers and vouchers of cures performed, now in his hands, properly attested, and whose authenticity cannot be denied, flatters himself is sufficient to convince the public that he has been successful in curing diseases, and that this is not intended as an imposition upon mankind.

TO BE SOLD TO THE HIGHEST BIDDER.

ON the first day of the next September court, at the court-house of Madison county, a number of lots in the town of Richmond, established adjoining the place fixed on for the permanent seat of justice for said county. The terms will be made known on the day of sale, by the

TRUSTEES *of said town.*

Richmond, Madison, 1st July, 1798.

TAKEN up by the subscriber, living in Montgomery county, on the waters of Flat creek, one bay mare, about 13 hands 2 inches high, branded on the near shoulder thus ☰, she has a small star in her forehead, some small white spots on each side of her back, about nine years old this spring, had a small bell on, when she was taken up, appraised to 13l.

JOEL THOMAS.

June 15, 1798. *

LETTER

From JOHN FOWLER, *Esq. Member of Congress, to his Constituents.*

PHILADELPHIA, July 20, 1798.

Fellow Citizens:

AT a period when America appears to be pregnant with an eventful change; and the public mind is undergoing a mighty revolution; it will not be deemed improper in me, as your representative, to attempt to give you a sketch of the measures which have been taken in congress during its late long and interesting session. It has ever been the characteristic of freemen to bear oppression, from their agents, when heaped by a *delicate hand*, and in *gradual progression;* they always have suffered their liberties to be frittered away, one by one, with a countenance of calmness and tranquility, whilst the usurping power condescends to cajole them with specious *pretexts*. America can never loose her liberty from the broad and open assaults of tyranny: to these she has always manifested an intrepid superiority; but her danger is to be apprehended from insidious, designing and artful men, who *secretly* endeavor to undermine the sacred foundation of our constitution. The extraordinary measures proposed from time to time, to congress, since the call of the extraordinary session, could not have been consummated in one day; if every thing dear and sacred to America had been wrested from her by one fell swoop, she would have arisen, and with an imposing attitude have resumed her rights and avenged the injury; but the changes which have been made have been gradually effected; changes not only in respect to our foreign political relations but in the fundamental principles of our constitution.

To you, fellow citizens, who *ordained* and *established* the constitution of the United States as well as the constitution of Kentucky, it may be unnecessary to dwell on a minute description of those instruments; but it may not be deemed intrusive to repeat the general principle upon which all the constitutions in the United States are founded: In the declaration of independence it is assumed as a maxim "that government is instituted among men deriving their *just powers* from the *consent* of the governed; and whenever any form of government becomes destructive of those ends, it is the *right* of the people to alter or abolish it." The same idea is emphatically expressed in the present constitution: "*We, the people* of the United States, in order to form a more perfect union, &c. *do ordain* and *establish* this constitution;" from hence it is demonstrated that the *supreme power* in America resides in the people as the *fountain* of government, and the people *do not part with it to any government whatever*. But they *delegate* it in *such proportions* to *such bodies* on *such terms* and *under such limitations* as they think proper. From a little attention to the constitution of the United States, it is discovered that a specified proportion of power is *invested* in congress on certain *terms* and under certain *limitations;* and the sweeping clause, as it has been usually denominated, gives *no more*, nor *no other* powers beyond the *particular enumeration;* for when it is said that congress "shall have power to make all laws which shall be necessary and proper," those words are *limited* and *defined* by the following, "for carrying into execution the *foregoing* powers"- this is say- saying no more than the powers we have already particularly given, shall be effectually carried into execution: but when the powers of a constitution are exercised by the public agents in detailing the minutia or framing the law, it necessarily happens, that a number of incidental powers come into view, and the legislature presumes upon its discretion to make the proper apportionment by construction. This has happened in several instances whilst I have had the honor of representing you on the floor of the house of representatives, and occasioned a considerable diversity of opinion.— Some members in congress seem to disregard the great and fundamental principal laid down in the constitution, namely, the division of the legislative, executive and judicial departments; on all occasions where a constructive power is to be vested, they invariably vote in favour of adding such power to the executive branch; lessening thereby the check which the people intended to reserve as near to themselves as they conveniently could, that is, the check of their immediate representatives. This departure from the most important principle in the constitution has excited in my mind considerable apprehension; and I have thought it my duty to call your attention to the subject, in hopes you will co-operate in preventing the effect of such a fatal change in system.

The inconsistent distribution of constructive powers has been contended for, and effected under a variety of pretexts: the foreign intercourse bill at this session, drew on a lengthy discussion; and in contradiction to former decisions, it was maintained by the advocates of executive power, that wherever the president authorised a negotiation, or made a treaty, your immediate representatives were not to consider, whether an appropriation for carrying on the first, or executing the last, was politic or not; but that the house were bound in conscience to vote the money, be the amount what it might; it was said to be a moral duty incumbent upon every member; notwithstanding the constitution expresly guards the treasury from executive drafts, in declaring that no money shall be drawn from it, but in consequence of appropriations to be made by law; and no appropriation to be made by law, but what the house of representatives shall judge and decide to be useful and proper: this is one among a number instances which have occurred during the late session. Another construction was given, to the authority declared in the constitution, that congress shall have the power of raising armies; it had always been the practice of congress to order a specific army to be raised at a fixed period, it is now left to the president to raise such army or not, as his discretion dictates.—The law concerning aliens attempts to give the president a power which it never was supposed was vested in the general government by the constitution; but on the contrary it is specially excepted against and reserved to the states, by the 9th section of the first article. The bill directing the prosecution and punishment of those who shall attempt to bring your executive functionary, or your legislative agents, into contempt or detestation, either by writing, uttering or publishing, is a weapon of tremenduous force in the hands of an executive administration! It must inspire terror in the breasts of some, and give birth to that system of espionage, which loosens all the moral ties of society; its dreadful effects can only be averted by the firmness and patriotism of the citizens throughout the Union.

Our numerous schemes of revenue, the extension of our political intercourse with foreign nations, the increase of our standing army, the appointments to be made among the volunteers, and the establishment of a navy, has given to the executive administration a patronage that may ultimately disturb the harmony of the Union. But when you add to this the vast sums of money vested in the disposal of the president; and consider the great loans he is authorised to make; the numerons contracts for supplies for an army of 32,000 men, with 100,000 volunteers, 80,000 militia, and 30 or 40 armed ships, which will necessarily offer to many persons the means of advantageous speculation: I think I am warranted in believing that the most unsuspicious will see cause to exert all their watchfulness over the executive administration with a high degree of jealousy. Less power than the president is now possessed of, has given to ambitious commanders, the power of tyrannizing over their fellow citizens, and establishing in their families an hereditary supremacy. *Power* without *controul* is not to be *trusted*: virtue when suffered to act at pleasure becomes vice—vest *to-day* the wisest, the justest man with unlimited authority, and *to-morrow* he becomes the cruel, arbitrary oppressor.—If the palladium of our constitution has been openly and daringly violated by one branch of your government, what security can you have that other branches will be more restrained.

You are asked to have confidence in the executive administration. In other countries, confidence has proved the source of injury and the incentive to guilt. Behind this barrier the traitor finds security against the attacks of the betrayed: therefore prudence would direct that you give your confidence with caution.

With respect to our controversy with France I shall briefly remark, that, till the arrival of the dispatches from our envoys at Paris, giving an account of a conversation of unauthorised agents; the president had uniformly declared an ardent desire to restore the two republics to the state of amity which existed previous to the British treaty; but we find he has been so unfortunate in his manner of expressing this idea, that he has not been believed by the executive directory: they appear to have had a continual jealousy of our executive administration ever since they found that Mr. Jay was sent to London to negotiate a commercial treaty while they were officially informed by the proper authority that it was merely for the purpose of "obtaining *immediate** compensation for our plundered property and restitution of the posts," what their intentions are now, may I apprehend, be in some degree discovered by the invitation of Mr. Talleyrand to Mr. Gerry, our remaining envoy, to resume the business of negotiation and adjust the differences of the two nations. If Mr. Gerry does not find himself precluded by his own reply, or some other contingency, I should be inclined to suspect that a treaty may be formed on the honorable basis of his instructions, a copy of which was laid before congress last April.

I shall conclude this letter with intreating you to pay a serious regard to the emergencies of the times, and not to be wanting to yourselves in an hour of extreme danger: if there is danger to your constitution or your government it may be corrected by yourselves; there is, therefore, a remedy for every distemper, but, for a people wanting to themselves there is no remedy, and from their power there is no appeal. And to you fellow citizens, I, as your agent appointed to express your will in the national council, address myself, an ask, if not from the propriety of my decisions on the several questions which have been before congress, yet from the purity of my motives, whether I have executed my trust to your satisfaction. If I meet with your approbation, as I have the approbation of my own conscience, I shall conceive this tour of duty to have been the happiest circumstance of my life.

With respect, I am

your most obedient,

JOHN FOWLER.

* Instead of immediate restitution the American merchants have not received as much as the interest, on the value of the spoliations committed previous to the treaty to say nothing of their daily depredations.

SENATE of the UNITED STATES.

July 18, 1798.

Gentlemen of the Senate,

Believing that the letter received this morning from general Washington will give high satisfaction to the senate, I transmit them a copy of it, and congratulate them and the public on this great event, the general's acceptance of his appointment as lieu tenant-general and commander in chief of the army.

JOHN ADAMS.

UNITED STATES, July 17, 1798,

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Mount Vernon, 13th *July*, 1798.

DEAR SIR,

I had the honor on the evening of the 11th inst, to receive from the hand of the secretary of war, your favor of the 7th, announcing that you had, with the advice and consent of the senate, appointed me "lieutenant-general and commander in chief of all the armies raised or to be raised for the service of the United States."

I cannot express how greatly affected I am at this new proof of public confidence, and the highly flattering manner in which you have been pleased to make the communication; at the same time I must not conceal from you my earnest wish, that the choice had fallen upon a man less declined in years, and better qualified to encounter the usual vicissitudes of war.

You know, Sir, what calculation I had made relative to the probable course of events, on my retiring from office and the determination I had consoled myself with, of closing the remnant of my days in my present peaceful abode; you will therefore be at no loss to conceive and appreciate the sensations I must have experienced, to bring my mind to any conclusion that should pledge me, at so late a period of life, to leave scenes I sincerely love, to enter upon the boundless field of public action, incessant trouble, and high responsibility.

It was not possible for me to remain ignorant of, or indifferent to, recent transactions. The conduct of the directory of France, towards our country; their insidious hostility to its government; their various practices to withdraw the affections of the people from it; the evident tendency of their acts and those of their agents to countenance and invigorate opposition; their disregard of solemn treaties and the laws of nations; their war upon our defenceless commerce; their treatment of our ministers of peace; and their demands amounting to tribute; could not fail to excite in me corresponding sentiments with those my countrymen have so generally expressed in their affectionate addresses to you. Believe me, Sir, no one can more cordially approve of the wise and prudent measures of your administration. They ought to inspire universal confidence, and will, no doubt, combined with the state of things, call from congress such laws and means as will enable you to meet the force and extent of the crisis.

Satisfied, therefore, that you have sincerely wished and endeavored to avert war, and exhausted, to the last drop, the cup of reconciliation, we can with pure hearts appeal to Heaven for the justice of our cause; and may confidently trust the final result to that kind providence who has heretofore, and so often, signally favored the people of these United States.

Thinking in this manner, and feeling how incumbent it is upon every person, of every description, to contribute at all times to his country's welfare, and especially in a moment like the present, when every thing we hold dear and sacred is so seriously threatened, I have finally determined to accept the commission of Commander in Chief of the Armies of the United States; with the reserve only, that I shall not be called into the field until the army is in a situation to require my presence, or it becomes indispensable by the urgency of circumstances.

In making this reservation, I beg it to be understood, that I do not mean to withhold any assistance to arrange and organize the army, which you may think I can afford. I take the liberty also to mention, that I must decline having my acceptance considered as drawing after it any immediate charge upon the public; or that I can receive any emoluments annexed to the appointment before entering into a situation to incur expence.

The secretary of war being anxious to return to the seat of government, I have detained him no longer than was necessary to a full communication upon the several points he had in charge.

With very great respect and consideration, I have the honor to be,

Dear Sir,

Your most obedient humble servant.

Go. WASHINGTON.

JOHN ADAMS,

President of the United States.

TRENTON, July 17.

The president, by a proclamation, dated the 13th instant has revoked the *exequaturs* of the Consuls of the French republic here, viz of citizens Letombe, Rozier, Arcambal and Mozard.

PHILADELPHIA, July 20.

APPOINTMEATS—BY AUTHORITY.

Alexander Hamilton, of New-York, to be inspector general of the army, with the rank of major general.

Charles Cotesworth Pinckney, of S. Carolina, to be a major general.

Henry Knox, of Massachusetts, to be a major general.

Henry Lee, of Virginia, to be a major general of the provisional army.

Edward Hand, of Pennsylvania, to be a major general of the provisional army.

John Brooks, of Massachusetts, to be a brigadier general.

William Washington, of south Carolina, to be a brigadier general.

Jonathan Dayton, of New Jersey, to be a brigadier general.

Ebenezer Huntington, of Connecticut, to be a brigadier general of the provisional army.

Anthony Walton White, of New-Jersey, to be a brigadier general of the provisional army.

William Richison Davie, of North-Carolina, to be a brigadier general of the provisional army.

John Sevier, of Tennessee, to be a brigadier general of the provisional army.

James Craik, of Virginia, to be physician general of the army.

Daniel M'Neil, of Massachusetts,

and Thomas Williams of Virginia, to be captains in the navy.

Henry Grant, of South Carolina, conſul for the port of Leith, in Scotland.

John Spence Weſt, marſhal for the North Carolina diſtrict.

KNOXVILLE, July 17.

We learn by capt. Coſby who lately deſcended the river Tenneſſee to the Ohio, and returned to this place a few days paſt, by way of Smithland and the Cumberland ſettlements, that a detachment of the troops of the United States commanded by capt. Pike, have taken poſſeſſion of a bluff upon the ſouth bank of the firſt mentioned river about ſix miles from its junction with the latter, and is there, about to erect fortifications apparently for a permanent poſt.

This Bluff is from eight to ten miles within the Indian boundary, that is, that diſtance upon the lands claimed by the Indians. Capt. Coſby adds, that while he was at Smithland, 150 Indians appeared there blacked, and expreſſed their extreme diſapprobation of capt. Pike's intruſion upon their lands. Thus it appears that the Indians can no more comprehend than the citizens, by what authority the troops of the United States take poſſeſſion of their lands, and eſtabliſh military poſts at will, without their conſent firſt obtained.

The treaty which had commenced at Tellica, between the commiſſioners on the part of the United States and the Cherokee Indians, is broke up for the preſent. Tho both parties have agreed to meet again at the ſame place on the third day of September next, for further negotiations.

Lexington, Auguſt 8.

On the ſixteenth of July, at four o'clock, Congreſs brought the longeſt and moſt important ſeſſion to a cloſe, which has been held under the preſent government; during which they paſſed eighty-four acts.

Extract of a Letter from a gentleman at Fort Maſſac, dated July 11, 1798.

"A gentleman has juſt arrived from Natchez, who informs that there is a ſtrong party there in favor of the French and Spaniſh governments—that all the talks held with the Indians are in the name of the French—that the preſents in the laſt few months to them have been immenſe, and that a large part of the Chactaw nation is decidedly in their favor, and are ready to take up arms againſt us; in conſequence of which the commandant of Natchez has requeſted a reinforcement. The Indian nations to the ſouth are full of Spaniſh and French emiſſaries. Zachariah Cox is eighteen miles above us, with three or four hundred rifle-men, and is preparing to deſcend the river. The conjectures with reſpect to his object are various, but all ſeem to agree that his intentions are inimical to our government. Perhaps I ſhall give you news that will ſurprize you, upon that head, by the next opportunity."

At a numerous and reſpectable meeting of the inhabitants of Woodford county, on Monday the 6th inſt. the following reſolutions were entered into:

1. *Reſolved*, hat we will, at the hazard of our lives and fortunes, ſupport the conſtitution and independence of the United States: that being deeply impreſſed with the apprehenſion, that our liberties are in danger, it becomes the primary duty of every good citizen, to guard, as a faithful centinel, his conſtitutional rights, and to repel all violations of them, from what quarter ſoever offered.

2. *Reſolved*, That the acts paſſed during the preſent ſeſſion of congreſs, reſpecting aliens, and for the puniſhment of ſedition, are direct violations of the conſtitution, and outrages againſt our moſt valuable rights; that to ſpeak, write and cenſure freely, are privileges of which a freeman cannot diveſt himſelf, much leſs be abridged in them by others: that for the ſervants of the people to tell thoſe who created them, that they ſhall not, at their peril, examine into the conduct of, nor cenſure thoſe ſervants, for the abuſe of power committed to them, is tyranny more inſufferable than Aſiatic: that the freedom of ſpeech, the liberty of the preſs, trial by jury, and ſelf-defence, are among the inſeparable rights of freemen; no one of which can be abridged or taken away, without ſinking and debaſing him into the condition of a ſlave.

3. *Reſolved*, That we deplore as one of the moſt unfortunate events which could befal us a war with the French Republic. We deplore it, becauſe, next to Heaven, and our own exertions, we are indebted to that nation for the liberty we now enjoy: becauſe by ſuch a war, we have every thing to looſe and nothing to gain; becauſe the enormous debt which will be produced by that war, muſt either bankrupt the United States, or entail on us and our poſterity, a debt which may take centuries to diſcharge; and becauſe ſuch a war, we have every reaſon to fear, will inſtantly cruſh this infant commonwealth, it being now ſcarcely able to diſcharge the preſent congreſſional demands, much leſs its proportion of thoſe millions which have been voted by the preſent congreſs.

4. *Reſolved*, That we deprecate as an event of all others the moſt impolitic and humiliating, an alliance offenſive and defenſive with Great Britain; impolitic, becauſe ſhe is already nearly bankrupt in her government and fortune, and has been for a century paſt, in her principles; and if ſhe has not already ſunk, will, ere long, ſink under the regenerating arm of the French Republic: humiliating, becauſe ſhe holds in contempt the American name and character; the ſounds of rebel and traitor have ſcarcely left our ears, and ſtill ſhe arrogantly and vainly looks forward to the time, when the American people, will return to their former colonial ſubmiſſion and dependence.

5. *Reſolved*, That we will, to the utmoſt of our ability, comply with any congreſſional demands for the purpoſe of repelling, invaſion, and reſiſting attempts againſt our liberty & independence, from what quarter ſoever offered; but that we conſider all maritime offenſive operations as deſtructive and impolitic, tending only to accumulate the public debt, and give additional ſtrength and influence to the dangerous and exorbitant powers lately committed to the executive department.

6. *Reſolved*, That fulſome and adulatory addreſſes to agents and ſervants of our own creating, are ſlaviſh, abſurd, and anti-republican. That it is proſtrating the majeſty and dignity of the people, puffing up thoſe ſervants with falſe pride and vanity; filling them with ambition; and fixing their minds with ſtronger deſires for increaſe of power and influence, to which men in office are always too ready, without any encouragement, to graſp at. That although flattery and adulation may be fit offerings for proſtrate ſlaves to render at the altar of their tyrant maſters, yet, to true republican patriots the honor of ſerving their country, and a conſcious and faithful diſcharge of thoſe duties, is the only genuine and laſting honor they ought to expect, or can receive.

7. *Reſolved*, That the foregoing reſolutions be publiſhed in the Kentucky Gazette and Herald, and ſuch other newſpapers as will pleaſe to give them a place; and that copies hereof be tranſmitted to our repreſentatives to be laid before the legiſlature and preſident of the United States,

JOHN TANNER, chm.

HERMAN BOWMAR, clk.

SEE GAZETTE EXTRAORDINARY.

LANDS.

BY virtue of a decree of the diſtrict court, held in Lexington, will be ſold to the higheſt bidder, at the court-houſe door, in Mount Sterling, Montgomery county, on the 9th day of October next, (which is the court-day for the ſaid county) and the three following days. The ſales to commence at 12 o'clock each day; the following tracts of land, lying in the ſaid county, on Slate creek and licking, to wit:

An undivided moiety of the following entry, made January the 21ſt, 1784, to wit:

Jeremiah Foſter, aſſee. &c enters 6093 3-4 acres on a treaſury warrant, No. 18,907, beginning at the uppermoſt corner of an entry of 15,625 acres made in the name of Alexr. D. Orr, on Licking, and running with his upper line 1584 poles, thence up Licking, and binding on the ſame, for quantity—which entry is ſurveyed and patented to the ſaid Foſter; the one half being the locator, Simon Kenton's part, and ſold by him to general Wilkinſon.

Alſo two tracts of 10,625 acres, and 5000 acres, ſurveyed, and granted by patent, to James Wilkinſon, February the 22d, 1790; which ſurveys were made, by virtue of the following entry, made January the 21ſt, 1784, to wit: Alexr. Orr enters 15,625 acres on a treaſury warrant, No. 19,315, beginning at the upper corner of an entry made in the name of Edmond Terrell, of 1050 acres, on Licking creek, and running with his upper line the whole length thereof, thence the courſe continued 2000 poles, thence up the creek, and binding thereon, for quantity—or ſo much thereof as will be ſufficient to ſatisfy and pay Peyton Short the ſum of eleven hundred and ſeventy-four pounds, eight ſhillings and eleven pence three farthings, with intereſt thereon, from the firſt day of February, in the year 1793, until paid—together with the expences of ſale, and the coſts of ſuit, purſuant to the ſaid decree, entered up in a ſuit in chancery, brought by the ſaid Peyton Short, againſt the ſaid James Wilkinſon, to foreclose a mortgage on the ſaid lands. The tracts of 10,625 acres, and of 5000 acres, will be ſold to accommodate purchaſers, in ſmall tracts, and on twelve months credit, the purchaſers giving bond and good ſecurity for the purchaſe money. As it is a condition of the mortgage and decree, that 1500 acres ſhall be reſerved out of the 5000 acre tract, for Chriſtopher Bryan, and as much as will redeem a bond, to William Murray eſq. the commiſſioners will attend at Mount Sterling, on the 8th day of October, at nine o'clock in the morning, to proceed to the land, to lay off 1500 acres for Chriſtopher Bryan, and as much as will redeem the bond, to William Murray eſq.

WILLIAM SUDDUTH,
JOHN ROBERTS,
JAMES WARD,
JILSON PAYNE, } Comm'rs.

Auguſt 6th, 1798. 2w

Notice,

THAT application will be made to the county court of Bourbon county, at their November ſeſſion, for leave to eſtabliſh a town on my land lying on Indian creek, a branch of Stoner, at the place now called Middletown.

James Swinney.

Auguſt 6, 1798.

LOOK SHARP.

ALL thoſe that are indebted to the ſubſcriber by either bond, note or book accompt are deſired to come and pay their reſpective balances, on or before the 15th of September, at which time I expect to ſtart for Philadelphia or Baltimore.

P. M'CULLOUGH.

Lexington, Auguſt 7th, 1798.

At the Apothecary Shop IN LEXINGTON.

JUST arrived, an aſſortment of Freſh Medicine—particularly, a quantity of Peruvian Bark, which will be ſold much cheaper than any heretofore in the ſtate. As alſo, Roſe Water, Fiſh Bait, and Wolf Bait.

ANDREW M'CALLA.

Will be expoſed to Public Sale,

AT Bourbon court houſe, on the third Monday in September next, (it being court-day) and to continue by adjournment, until the whole is ſold, the following tracts of land, or ſo much of each tract as will ſatisfy the taxes and intereſt due thereon, to the commonwealth of Kentucky.

John Aſhby, 1450 *acres, Main Licking. Stephen Jett,* 120, *fork Hinkſton. John Wilſon,* 8000, *waters Licking. James Newel,* 400, *Stoners fork Licking. William Turnbull,* 2000, *Hinkſtons fork;* 6375, *ſouth ſide Licking. John Tager,* 644 *branch Hinkſtons fork. Thomas F. Bates,* 4127-2 *waters Licking. James Getting,* 2000, *on Licking. Francis E. Harris,* 366 *Hinkſtons fork. Henry Cox,* 260, *do,* 1000, *do.* 1500, *branch Licking;* 1500 *ditto. Reuben Secaray,* 2340, *ſupd Harrod's lick;* 2150, *Sycamore foreſt. John O'Conner,* 10,000, *Buckhorn creek. Saml. Ford,* 12000, *Main ſouth fork Licking. Chriſtopher Ford,* 1000, *do. Obadiah Clarke,* 4000, *do. John Booker,* 4000, *do. James Jinkins,* 8000, *do. Lewis Ford,* 11000, *do. James Trabue,* 1700, *Indian creek;* 142, *Hinkſton;* 182 *waters Licking;* 358, *Stoner;* 600, *do. William Shepherd,* 729, *Hinkſton. James Cleavland's heirs,* 1000, *Green creek. John M'Call,* 1000, *waters Licking. Michael Tates,* 250, *middle fork do. John C. Owings,* 650, *Hinkſton.* 66, *do.* 1000, *do.* 140 *do.* 800, *Johnſons fork;* 250, *North Elkhorn;* 1000, *Hinkſton. John Netherland,* 1333-3, *ſouth fork Licking. Edwd. Walton,* 1000 *Bruſh F. waters. Thomas Walton,* 1000, *F. ſame. Philip Pendleton,* 2000, *waters Licking. Joſhua Geſt,* 1000, *Hinkſton;* 600 *Licking. Ambroſe Rucker,* 2850, *Taylors fork Hinkſton. Summerſet. Reſon Virgin,* 1000, *Hink. fork Licking. Thomas M. Fleming,* 2500, *on Sandy. Wm. R. Flemming,* 500, *M. river. John Tyler,* 1200 *Lick. waters;* 1200, *Licking w. Aaron Withort,* 851-2, *do. Philip Kreſs,* 400, *ſouth fork Licking. George Payne,* 868, *Licking. William E. Webb,* 1000, *waters Licking;* 1000, *do;* 569, *Forks Licking. Wade Moſby,* 1224, *Indian creek;* 125 *do. Edward Watkins,* 600, *ſouth fork Licking. Peter Bedinger,* 280, *Caſſadys creek. John Cartright,* 750, *near Harrod's lick. Samuel Todd,* 400, *Stoner F. Licking. Dickſon Marſhall,* 1000, *waters Sandy. John May's deviſees and Joſeph Jones's aſſee.* 2000, *Graſſy creek. John Archer,* 42656. *Caleb Calleway aſſee. of Epperſon,* 700, *waters Licking. Thomas Chinn,* 1000, *Stoner. Albert Ruſſell,* 1800, *Licking. Ephraim Gaither,* 2543. *Main Licking. Thomas Elliott,* 2000, *ſouth F. Licking. The heirs of John Smith dec.* 500. *Thomas Jones,* 150, *Stoner. John Moylan,* 10000, *waters Big Sandy. Robert Morris,* 2000, *Hinkſtons F. Licking;* 740, *Licking river,* 2000, *do.* 3630, *do.*

A liſt of land, by the ſheriffs of different counties as lying in Bourbon county.

John Curd, 1000 acres, Indian creek. James Garnette, 900, waters of Licking. William M'Kee, 400. Robert Price, 4,711, Stoner. James Cobb, 1000, Licking. Daniel M. Boone, 1000. William Lindſey, 500, Licking. John Price, 500, Licking. Owen Todd, 400. John Alkire, 81, Green creek. Thomas Bueff, 1259, Licking. Icibud Corwin, 98, Houſton. Joſeph Field, 300, Strodes creek. William Moreman, 147, Pretty run. Mordecai Morgan, 112, Strodes creek. John Smith, 40, Woolf creek. William Blaire, 50, Coopers run. Lemach Davis, 110, Houſton. Thomas Davis, 50, do. Wait's heirs by Thomas Dewly, 1000, Coopers run. William Jones, 740, Townſend. James Lanier 24, Houſton. Thomas Garnett, 500, B. fork. Adam Goodlett, 1000. John M'Corcle, 1000. Samuel Worle, 175, Stoner. Robert Wilſon, 200, Townſend. William Bruſe, 70, Flat run. John Day, 15, Hinkſton. Alexander Hinds, 100, do. Samuel Hinds, 100, Stoner. John Hinds, 30, do. John Hunt, 100, Flat run. William Kannady, 880, Beaver creek. John Johnſon, 50, Stoner. John Minnius, 1000, Hinkſton. Archibald Marſhall, 230, Houſton. William Ramſey, 248, Somerſett. David Scott, 100, Indian creek. Stophel Sumalt, 100, Flat run. Thomas Whiteker, 1000, Townſend; 500, Hinkſon. John Peeples, 90. Robert Burton, 4000, waters Licking. James Byers, 551 3-4 Troutmans creek. John Clayton, 434, Hinkſton. William Meriwether, 9420; 9187-2; 4396-2. John Handley 1000, Slate creek. James Garnett 700, Licking. Nathaniel Henderſon, 800, Hinkſton. Thomas Reed, 2000, Licking. John Floyd, 400, 49 miles below Sciota; 500 adjoining. Guy Smith, 2000, Licking. John Aſhby, 700, Stoners fork Licking. Jeſſe Anderſon, 835. Chapmin Auſtin, 1000, wat. Hinkſton. Daniel Henry, 15000, Licking. Ambroſe Barber, 3000. Martin Pickett, 3,750. Abraham Shepherd, 1000; 1000; 531; 1000; 1000. Willoughby Tibbs, 1000, Licking; 500, do. John Dorham. 170, do. John Davis, 719, do. Ephraim Gaither, 3,143, do. John Gibſon, 8,618, Slate; 605, do; 777, do. Thomas Marſhall ſen. 7500, Hinkſton.

The proprietors, or their agents, of any of the aforeſaid tracts of land, having any lawful credits for the payment of the tax and intereſt due thereon, are requeſted to forward them to the ſubſcriber, before the day of ſale, that they may have credit for the ſame.

W. Morrow, S. B. C.

July 30, 1798.

WILL be ſold in the town of Lexington, on the ſecond Monday in September next, (it being court day) the following tracts of land, or ſo much of each tract, as will pay the tax and intereſt due thereon.

Eſtate of John Trabue dec. 184 *acres, Jeſſamine. Zachariah Johnſton,* 200, *Shannon's run. Nicholas Voſs,* 1000, *waters of Ohio. Thomas Giſt,* 1000, *Elkhorn. William Carey,* 160, *Hickman. James Major,* 400, *Cane run, or Elkhorn. Moſes Tuttle,* 500, *Kentucky. John May's deviſees, and Jo. Jones's aſſee.* 476, *Kentucky river;* 160, *do.* 310, *Jeſſamine. Joſhua Harland,* 20626, *Ohio. Francis Kirkly,* 1200, *head Clear creek;* 300, *do.* 1000, *large ſpring and Spring grove. Adam Banks,* 1000, *waters Licking. Samuel Franklin,* 10000, *waters Kentucky. William and Obadiah Smith,* 1000, *on the Ohio. William Fenwick,* 2000. *James Garnett,* 500, *Jeſſamine. Charles Price,* 1000, *Hickman. Daniel Boone,* 500, *do.* 160, *Jeſſamine;* 300, *Little Hickman. John Price,* 500, *Elkhorn. Andrew Armſtrong,* 143, *Town fork. William Anderſon,* 50, *do. Cauſtin Beauchamp,* 200, *do. Richard Croſs,* 100, *Elkhorn. Hugh Swan,* 50. *Reuben Ford,* 160, *Elkhorn. Benjamin Johnſon,* 3000, *Jeſſamine. Hugh Morriſon,* 50, *Kentucky. John Aſhby,* 200, *do. John Auſtin,* 700. *John Howe,* 100, *John Catlett's rep.* 3750, *Licking.*

William Ford, late ſhff.

TAKEN up by the ſubſcriber living on Red river, a black filly, three or four years old, no brand or fleſh marks perceivable, appraiſed to 13l.

ROBERT EWING.

May 12th, 1798.

THERE will be an election held at the court-houſe in Lexington on Saturday the 18th day of this inſt. for a truſtee in the room of William Weſt, who has reſigned.

R. PATTERSON.

Auguſt 8th, 1798.

NOTICE.

I DO hereby forewarn all perſons from making any contract, or taking any conveyance from George Bryan, of Fayette county, for three hundred and ſeventy-five acres of land, on Cane run, in Fayette county, part of ſaid Bryan's pre-emption, ſold by ſaid Bryan to William Niblick, the 5th of July, 1780, for which ſaid Bryan gave a bond to ſaid Niblick for a good and lawful deed, to him, his heirs & aſſigns, of which bond I am in legal poſſeſſion.

WM. HAMILTON.

July 12, 1798. *3t

BROKE away from the plantation of Jonathan Skean, in the big bend of Kentucky river, a cheſnut ſorrel horſe, about ten years old, with a bald face, glaſs eyes, and three feet white, and a ſmall ſaddle on. Whoever delivers ſaid horſe and ſaddle to Mr. George Walker, or Mr. John Scott, on the Hickman road, ſhall be handſomely rewarded by me

JAMES M'CONNEL.

July 15, 1798. †3t

SACRED TO THE MUSES.

AN INVITATION

INTO THE COUNTRY.

THE ſwallows, in their torpid ſtate,
Compoſe their uſeful wing,
And bees in hives as idly wait
The call of early ſpring.

The keeneſt froſt that binds the ſtream,
The wildeſt wind that blows,
Are neither felt nor fear'd by them,
Secure in their repoſe.

But, man all feeling, and awake,
The gloomy ſcene ſurveys;
With preſent ills his heart muſt ache,
And pant for brighter days.

Old Winter, halting o'er the mead,
Bids me and Myra mourn;
But, lovely Spring peeps o'er his head,
And whiſpers your return.

Then, April, with her ſiſter, May,
Shall chaſe him from the bow'rs,
And weave freſh garlands ev'ry day,
To crown the ſmiling hours.

And if a tear that ſpeaks regret
Of happier times appear,
A glimpſe of joy that we have met
Shall ſhine, and dry the tear.

ANECDOTE.

A Chineſe ſilver-ſmith, to whom the Engliſh have given the name of Tom Workwell, brought home ſome ſilver ſpoons, as he called them, to a ſea-captain, who had ordered them. The captain ſuſpecting that his friend Tom had played him a trick, (common in China) of adding no ſmall quantity of *tutenague* to the uſual proportion of alloy, taxed him with the cheat, which he denied, with the ſtrongeſt aſſeverations of his innocence. The captain then told him, that he had brought with him a famous water, called *lye water*, which being placed on the tongue of a perſon ſuſpected of telling an untruth, if the caſe were ſo, burned a hole in it; if otherwiſe, the party eſcaped with honor, and unhurt. Tom thinking it a trick, readily conſented; upon which, a ſingle drop of aqua fortis, was put upon his tongue; he inſtantly jumped about the room, crying out "*Very true, half tutenague, half tutenague,*" in hopes that confeſſing the fact might put a ſtop to the lye water, which, from the pain he had ſome reaſon to think, poſſeſſed the quality aſcribed it.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the commiſſioners will meet on Friday the 17th of Auguſt next, at a ſugar tree, ſtanding on the bank of Hinkſton, in Bourbon county, where the road leading from Paris to the Upper Blue licks croſſes, in order to take the depoſitions of ſundry perſons, for the purpoſe of eſtabliſhing a beginning, made for Francis Epps Harris, of one thouſand acres of land, covered by a treaſury warrant.

Samuel Fearn.

July 16th, 1798. †

I HEREBY forewarn all perſons from taking aſſignments on three bonds, given by me to Mr. Peter G. Voorhies, of the town of Frankfort, dated ſome time in March laſt, for forty pounds each; the firſt payable ſome time in November next; the ſecond ſometime in may, 1799; the third in May, 1800 as near as I recollect; as I am determined not to pay them until compelled by law; the ſaid Voorhies not having complied with his bond to me for a tract of firſt rate land in Maſon county, the ſaid land proving not to be of the quality ſpecified in the ſaid bond.

MOSES ROBINS.

July 30th, 1798. 3t

TAKE NOTICE,

THAT commiſſioners appointed by the court of Maſon county, will meet on Monday the 20th of Auguſt enſuing at Hugh Shannons ſettlement and pre-emption on the waters of Shannon, in order to take depoſitions of witneſſes and perpetuate their teſtimony reſpecting the ſaid ſettlement and pre-emption, and do ſuch other acts as may be agreeable to law.

WILLIAM JOHNSON.

July 25th, 1798.

To be ſold at Public Auction,

AT Logan court-houſe, on the ſecond Tueſday in September next, the following tracts of land, or ſo much thereof as will ſatisfy the tax interest, &c. due thereon, for the years 1792, '93, '94, '95, and '96.

Sarah Stripling, 2666 2-3 acres Smith Slaughter, 1100; 1000. William Frogget, 200. John Holker, 800, 400. Gen. George Mathews, 4000, 4000; 2222 John Greenhouſe, 1000; 666 2-3. Richard Taylor, 1000. Robert Baylor, 1000; 4000. Samuel Coleman, 1000. Charles Lynch, 1000. William Ruſſell, 2000. Edward Clarke 1000; 1000. Edward Dowee, 1000. William Chamberland's heirs, 4000. Samuel Coleman, 1000. Richard C. Waters, 2000.

On the following tracts, the tax is due for 1796, only.

Richardſon Boocker, 200. Richard Wilſon, 200. Francis and Thomas Wilſons, 600. Joſeph Coleman, 100. John White's heirs, 1000. Peter D Robert, 795; 100; 50. Thomas Overton, 1500. Joſeph Nourſe, 1000 Mark Vandevvall, 1000. Rev. John Hurt, 540; 1000; 500; 200; 170. Richard Gernor, 1000. John M. Shepard, 600; 600. Benjamin Dabney, 1000.

The above is a liſt of non-reſidents lands.

The following is a liſt of lands returned by the ſheriffs of the ſeveral counties to the Auditor, as lying in Logan county.

Mitcham Boſwell, 1000, John Lyan, 300. William Martain, 500. Joſeph Miller, 300. Andrew Barnett, 50; 50. Segiſmond Stribling, 2000; 1000. George Slaughter, 3270. Samuel Finley, 1000.

The ſale will commence by twelve o'clock, and continue for two days, if neceſſary, and be attended by

Reuben Ewing, S. L. C.

July 5th, 1798.

Will be expoſed to Sale,

ON the firſt day of September next, before the court-houſe door in Bairdſtown, the following tracts of land lying in the county of Nelſon, or ſo much thereof as will be ſufficient to pay the tax and intereſt due thereon, for the years, 1792, '93, '94 and '95.

Archibald Baird, 500 acres, Beach fork; 300, do. Daniel Baird, 500, do. Richard Baird, 150, do. Moſes Hoopwood, 300, Coxes creek. David Meade, 2000; 5500, in three tracts Walter Wiley, 40, Rolling fork. Samuel Pearle, 500, Salt river. Joſeph Crane, 1000, on Pottingers creek; 1000, Lick creek 704, do Richard Dickin, 300, waters Salt river. Philip Johnſon, 5000, Wilſons run. Jonas Irwin, 1523, Salt river. William Merriweather, 10000, Hardins creek; 1000, Simpſons creek. Dennis Lenehan, 4000. Peter Garland, 10000, Coxes creek. Daniel Clarke 10000, Rolling fork. Jonathan Price, 1000, Coxes creek. John Bunch's heirs, 365, Beach fork; 250, do. Richard Baird, 317, Buffaloe creek. Arch. Baird, 200, do. Walter Baker's heirs, 340, Salt river; 460, Coxes creek John Clarke, 875, Salt river and Beach fork. Abraham Frye, 500, Mill creek. Humphrey May, 350, Fromans creek. John M'Gimſey, 500, Chaplins fork William Mitchell, 350, do. Wm. Piper, by B. Pope, 3600 Nob lick, ſouth ſide Beach fork Charles Proctor, 200, Pottingers creek. George Wilſon, 355, Coxes creek Thomas Woodger, 400, do. Joſeph Jefferies, 100, Buffaloe creek. George Brent, 300. Samuel Beace, 1200, Beach and Rolling fork. John Smyth, 600. Geo. Stubblefield, 500. John Wren, 400, Simpſons creek. Chas. Weſt's heirs, 600, Salt river. Reuben Triplett, 666 3-4.

On the ſame day, the following tracts of land will be ſold to ſatisfy the tax and intereſt due thereon, for the years 1792, '93, '94, '95 and '96.

Charles Boon, 749 acres, Cedar creek, waters Salt river. Lynaugh Helms, 2500, Coxes creek. John Talbot, 50, Beach fork S. river. Francis Triplett, 1300 Rolling fork, Reuben Triplett, 1000, do. William Mitchell, 750 Coxes creek. John Ray ſen 400, Salt river; 400, Wilſons creek; 400, do. 475, Lk. creek, waters B. F 1050, do. 400, Whetheran run. Thomas Bedford, 500, Aſhes creek. Joſeph Perkins, 1000, Salt river; 400, mo. Coxes creek. Richard Johnſon, 200, waters Cedar creek. John M'Caſe, 50, waters Salt river. John C. Owings, 500, Beach fork; 500, do. 500, Willons creek; 500 Beach fork; 500, Coxes creek. James Monday, 800, Rolling fork. James M'Donald, 1000, branch Coxes creek George Price, 1000, ſouth ſide Beach fork; 800, north ſide Beach fork. John Briſcoe, 500, Salt river; 800, Sun fiſh run; 500 Simpſons creek. Benj. Watkins, 827, Coxes creek. John Fitch, 300, do. 300 Simpſons creek; 1000, Head Coxes creek. John Cace, 300, forks Aſhes creek. William Smiley, 900, waters Simpſons creek; 650, waters Aſhes creek; 100, Coxe creek. John Crutchfield, 5000, Fromans creek. Smyth Tanady, 500. David Baird, 500, waters Beach fork. Jonathan Pugh, 1000, Coxes creek. Nathan Davis, 2000, Coxes and Simpſons creek. George Lauman, 15000 Chatville Tuttle, 300 waters Beach F. Cornelius Hogland, 1000 waters Rolling fork. Charles Huff, 1000, do Moſes Tuttle, 100, Mill creek waters. John Blanton, 54, Simpſons creek; 26, Coxes creek; 20, Mill creek. Battle Muſe, 1000, Simpſons creek. John May's deviſees & Joſeph Jones's aſſignees, 667-2, do. Margaret Henderſon, 486, Salt river. Robert Andrews, 628, do. 355, do. 41 5, do. Chas. Simms, 700, Town fork, Salt river. Thomas Marſhall, 785, Beach fork. John Baker, aſſee. of Thomas Carter, 400, forks Pottingers creek. Same, aſſee. of A. Kimleigh, 1000 eaſt fork Coxes creek.

R. C. FOSTER, late S. N. C.

July 4th, 1798.

NOTICE,

A PETITION will be preſented to the next general aſſembly, from a number of the inhabitants of Bourbon county, praying that a part of ſaid county be added to the county of Clarke.

3w R.C.tp July 29th, 1798.

RAN AWAY from the ſubſcriber, on the night of the 29th inſtant, living in Lexington, a Negro man named GEORGE, about 20 years of age, well made, 5 feet, 6 or 8 inches high, can write his name pretty legibly, and ſigns himſelf George Linn: had on when he went away, a fuſtian jacket with ſleeves half worn, gray caſſimer breeches, white cotton ſtockings: he carried off one fine ſhirt ruffled at the boſom, one country linen ditto, and one pair of trowſers: he is a ſenſible fellow, and will no doubt attempt paſſing for a free man.

Whoever delivers the ſaid ſlave to me in Lexington, ſhall receive Eight Dollars, and reaſonable charges paid: or Five Dollars if lodged in any jail, on producing the jailor's receipt.

JAMES MORRISON.

Lexington, July 30th, 1798.

TAKEN up by the ſubſcriber, Clarke county, on Howards Lower creek, one bright bay horſe, about 12 or 13 years old, about 14 hands 1 inch high, a ſmall ſnip in his forehead near hind foot and off four foot white, branded thus TH, on the near ſhoulder and buttock, appraiſed to 9l.

WILLIAM HILLIS.

TAKEN up by the ſubſcriber, Woodford county, a dark brown mare, 14 years old, 14 hands high, a ſmall ſtar in her forehead, branded on the near ſhoulder IS, with a ſmall bell on, appraiſed to 5l. 10s.

FRANCIS SPENCER.

October 3d, 1797.

N. B. The reaſon why the above ſtray was not ſooner Gazetted, is, that ſhe ſtrayed away after being taken up and has been lately got again. F. S.

TAKEN up by the ſubſcriber, Mercer county, near the month of Dicks river, a cheſnut ſorrel horſe about ſix years old, about four feet ſix inches high, blaze face, branded on the near ſhoulder IT, and on the off buttock, but not legible, appraiſed to 10l

THOMAS HEDGER.

NOTICE.

THERE will be application made to the county court of Warren county, for a town to be eſtabliſhed on the lands of Samuel Doughty againſt the October court, 1798. *6

A few copies of

Ruſhton's Letter to Waſhington,

May be had at this office.

TAKE NOTICE.

THAT on the 22d day of Auguſt 1797, I ſhall attend with the commiſſioners appointed by the county court of Shelby, to take the depoſition or depoſitions, as the caſe may be, to eſtabliſh the calls in an entry made in the name of John Withers and James Duncan, for one thouſand acres of land lying on the waters of Braſhear's creek, near the head of Clear creek; the ſaid entry calls for the head of a branch which runs into the ſaid creek, oppoſite to John Baily's cabbin, and to include a cabbin built by Evan Hinton. I ſhall meet at Mr. Abraham Reece's tavern near the head of Clear creek, and from thence proceed to Hinton's cabbin, then and there to take the depoſitions agreeable to an act of the legiſlature for that purpoſe.

George Marſhall,
attorney for Withers.

†

Twenty-ſix Dollars Reward.

DESERTED, from this garriſon, on the night of the 12th inſt. James M'Gonagle and Eliſha Cachill, ſoldiers of the 4th United States regiment.

M'Gonagle is an Iriſhman by birth, about twenty-one years of age, five feet eight inches high; dark complexion, long black hair, black eyes, by trade a cooper—he formerly lived in Maryland and Delaware; and probably may ſteer that way or to Kentucky.

Cachill is country born, about twenty-one years of age, five feet five inches high, fair complexion, brown hair, black eyes, by trade a blackſmith, has a caſt in his left eye, which is very obſervable. They went off in company, and took their regimental cloathing with them. It is preſumed that M'Gonagle will forge paſſes and diſcharges for themſelves. The above reward will be paid for apprehending and ſecuring them, or on delivering them to any officer in the United States, or thirteen dollars for either, and reaſonable expences if brought to this place.

B. Lockwood,
Capt 4th U. S. regt.

Fort Butler, 13th July, 1798.

NOTICE

IS hereby given, that I ſhall apply to the county court of Warren in Auguſt next, for an order to eſtabliſh a town agreeable to law, on my land lying on Big Barren river at the confluence of ſaid river and Drakes creek.

ANDREW M'FADDIN.

June 6th, 1798.

NOTICE.

THAT application will be made to the county court of Bourbon county at their next September court for leave to eſtabliſh a town on my lands on Hingſtons fork of Licking creek, at the place known by the name of Millersburgh.

JOHN MILLER.

July 2d, 1798. 2am 3m

TAKEN up by the ſubſcriber, on his plantation, a ſorrel horſe, with a blaze in his face, twelve years old, thirteen hands and a half high, has the Poll-evil three white feet, two ſmall white ſpots on the near fore leg above the knee, a long ſwitch tail, branded GS, on the near ſhoulder and buttock, appraiſed to 7l. 10s.

SAMUEL PRICE.

May 10th, 1798.

TAKEN up by the ſubſcriber, in Clarke county, on four mile creek, a dark bay horſe, about thirteen hands and a half high, no brand perceivable, a ſmall ſtar in his forehead, he has ſome appearance of the poll-evil, his hind feet white, about nine years old, appraiſed to 10l.

JAMES DUNCAN.

May 17th, 1798. ||

THREE DOLLARS REWARD.

RAN away from the ſubſcriber, laſt February, an apprentice boy, named John Killbreath, about ſeventeen years of age, bound to the Cabinet buſineſs. This is to forewarn all perſons from harboring him, as I have a lawful indenture on him; whoever delivers ſaid boy to the ſubſcriber, living in Cynthiana, ſhall be entitled to the above reward.

†3t *Charles Kelſa.*

THE partnerfhip of *ROBERT BARR*, & *Co.* is this day diffolved, all perfons indebted to the firm, will fee the neceffity of calling immediately and fettling off their balances to the fubfcriber, as no further indulgence can be given.

tf. ROBERT BARR.

Lexington, March 15, 1798.

A REQUEST.

THAT James Jeffs will fpeedily make known to me in Lexington Kentucky, where he lives that I may write to him on particular occafions, perhaps to his advantage.

JOSEPH JEFFS.

March 24th, 1798. tf

WANTED TO HIRE,

A GOOD wench, one that is capable of doing all kinds of houfe work for a fmall family, fhe muft come well recommended for her honefty and cleanlinefs—a good price will be given for fuch —enquire of the printer.

D. D. tf Lexington, July 2d, 1798.

Five Dollars Reward.

WAS ftolen or broke out of my ftable in Lexington, on Thurfday night, the 20th December laft, a likely forrel mare 14 and a half hands high, 7 or 8 years old, with a fmall ftar and fnip, both hind legs white; branded thus W. on the near fhoulder and buttock, but not very plain, her tail pretty bunchy, has the appearance of being worked. Whoever will deliver faid mare to me fhall receive the above reward and reafonable charges.

H. M'ILVAIN.

Lexington, March 9, 1798. tf

TAKE NOTICE,

THAT commiffioners appointed by the court of Scott county, will meet at the mouth of the Little North fork of Elkhorn, on the 3d Monday in Auguft next, to take the depofitions of fundry witneffes to perpetuate their teftimony agreeably to a law of this ftate, touching the fpecial calls in an entry made in the name of Benjamin Bowls, on Military warrants for 2,000 acres, entered April 27th, 1780; my object is, to prove that the faid Little North fork is the firft large fork putting into Elkhorn on the north fide below Holder's trace.

JESSE ROBARDS, Agent for the heirs of faid Bowls

July 21, 1798. 43*

NOTICE to all whom it may concern, is hereby given, that I hold myfelf entitled to 1350 acres of land, lying near Bullitt's lick, in the county of Bullitt, generally called Clear's old ftation, which is claimed by one Jofeph Brooks, and I do caution and forewarn all manner of perfons from purchafing all or any part of the faid land.—And I do further caution all perfons from purchafing fundry flaves now in the poffeffion of the faid Jofeph Brooks, named Prifcilla, alias Scilla, Letty, Carolina and Anny or any one of them, as I can prove them to be my property, in right of my wife.

G. PENDERGRASS.

June 8, 1798. tf

TRANSYLVANIA SEMINARY.

THE public are hereby informed that Education may now be had at the Tranfylvania Seminary on as extenfive a plan, and of moderate terms as at any fchool in the Unioas The Greek and Latin languages will be taugn. there, together with Mathematics, Geographh; the Belles Lettres, and every other branch yt Learning that makes part of the ufual courfe of Academic Education. The truftees have alfo made arrangements for, and will procure a French Teacher, whenever there fhall be a fufficient number of Students defirous of acquiring that language. The terms of tuition are four pounds per annum. Boarding may be had with Mrs. Richardfon at the Seminary, and in other genteel houfes in Lexington, at the moderate rate of fifteen pounds per annum; one quarter to be paid always in advance—For this fum Students will be dieted, and their cloathes wafhed and mended—they furnifhing their own bedding, fire-wood and candles, in their own apartments.

R. BARR, Chm.

TWENTY DOLLARS REWARD

STRAYED or STOLEN from the fubfcriber the 29th of May laft, a likely black horfe, with a ftar in his forehead, 7 years old, about 15 hands high, trots and paces, branded on the near fhoulder and buttock TC, and WH under the mane, though fcarcely perceiveable. I will give the above reward for the horfe and thief or five dollars for the horfe only.

Wm. HUSTON.

Lexington, July 10, 1798. tf

Notice,

Is hereby given, that I fhall apply to the court of Franklin county, in November next, for an order to eftablifh a town agreeably to law, on my lands, on the Kentucky river, near the mouth of Cedar creek, on the upper fide, in faid county.

Jofhua Spiers.

July 18, 1798.

Notice,

THAT commiffioners appointed by the county court of Fleming county, will meet on the firft Monday in September, if fair, if not, the next fair day, at my houfe in faid county, then and there to take the depofitions of witneffes, in order to perpetuate teftimony refpecting the calls of an entry of one thoufand acres of land made on a pre-emption warrant, in the names of John Craig and Robert Johnfon, affignees of John May, affignee of John Fleming; and do fuch further and other acts as fhall be deemed neceffary and agreeable to law.

Thomas Jones.

July 18, 1798.

PURSUANT to an order of the court of Mafon county, appointing commiffioners to eftablifh the fpecial call and boundaries of an entry of 33,750 acres of land, made in the name Anthony Thornton, lying in Mafon county, and beginning on the lower Buffaloe road, which leads from the lower Blue Licks towards the north fork of Licking, about a mile north of where faid road croffes Johnfons fork, running thence two miles Weft and four miles eaft, then extending from each end of the line of fix miles a north courfe for quantity, I fhall on Monday the 20th day of Auguft next, attend with the commiffioners to take the depofitions of certain perfons in order to eftablifh faid call and boundaries. The commiffioners, witneffes &c. will meet at 10 o'clock in the morning at James Buckhannon's, who lives on the fouth-eaft corner of faid land and thence proceed to the calls of the entry.

ANTHO. THORNTON, jun.

July 23d, 1798. *3w

TAKEN up by the fubfcriber, in Woodford county, Clear creek, a bay mare, five years old, thirteen hands three inches high, branded but cannot be made out, one of her hind feet white—appraifed to 8l. 5s.

William Chriftopher.

TAKEN up by the fubfcriber, living on Slate, Montgomery county, a forrel mare, about fifteen years old, thirteen and a half hands high, one hind foot white, a blaze face, branded BE on the near fhoulder, croffways—appraifed to 7l. 10s.

William Yokum.

April, 1798.

TAKEN up by the fubfcriber, in Scott county, near Toliver Craig's mill, North Elkhorn, a dark bay mare, about fourteen and a half hands high, branded on the near fhoulder and buttock, IG. a natural trotter, has the ring bone in the near hind foot—appraifed to 14l.

JESSE CALEWAY.

May 15th, 1798.

TAKEN up by the fubfcriber, living on Slate, Montgomery county one mile below the forge, a bay horfe, with a blaze face, three white feet, with his tail and fore top bobbed, nine years old, fifteen hands high, branded R, on the fhoulder and P, on the buttock, fhod before, appraifed to 30l.

Alfo a bright bay horfe, fourteen hands and a half high, his tail and fore top bobbed, had on a 3s bell, fhod before appraifed to 20l

EDMOND OAKLEY.

For Sale.

THREE valuable out lots adjoining the town of Lexington, on which is an Oil mill, and the new invented Horfe mill, a fmall orchard, and an excellent well; One half the purchafe money to be paid down; a credit of one year will be given for the balance, by the purchafer giving bond with approved fecurity.—For further particulars apply to the fubfcriber on the premifes.

EDWARD HOW.

July 18th, 1798. 6t

SHOT

OF the different numbers, made by A. F. SAUGRAIN, in Lexington, and fold whole fale and retail, at ANDREW HOLMES's Store.

tf Lexington Auguft 8.

ALL perfons are hereby forewarned from fifhing, fowling or in any wife hunting with dog or gun, on the lands of John and Francis Halley, and within the bounds as follows, viz. Beginning at the north eaft corner of William Hay's pre-emption, on Otter creek, below faid John Halley's mill, weft with the fame to Furnah's pre-emption of 1000 acres; north with the fame to his north-eaft corner; weft with the fame to Daniel Bentley's corner, near the ridge road; fouth with the faid dividing line to Nockbukle line; eaft with the fame paffing the corner, to Hay's pre-emption; with the fame, to the fouth-eaft corner; thence fouth-eaftwardly, to Jacob Starn's furvey of 400 acres; with the fame, fouth, 20 weft, to or near the mouth of of the Loft fork of Otter creek; fouth, 20 eaft, and round with the fame croffing the eaft fork of Otter creek, to the cliff, to the corner of a 1053 acre furvey, in the name of John Halley; eaft with the fame to Smith's line, north with the fame, and around with the 1053 acre furvey, to the corner of a 400 acre furvey, on the Kentucky river; with the fame, down the river, to the beginning.

3t *July* 19*th*, 1798,

NOTICE,

To the inhabitants of Fayette, and the adjacent Counties.

AT a crifis more important to the Liberty, Independence and Happinefs of America, than any which hath taken place fince the declaration of Independence;—at a period, when the interefts of the Weftern country muft be deeply affected by the meafures which may be purfued by the Federal government;—and at a time, when the citizens of America are generally expreffing their fentiments as to the fteps that ought to be taken by that government:—your filence will be conftrued into an unpardonable indifference to the welfare of your country, and an abandonment of your right, according to your number, of directing the councels of your reprefentatives. It is therefore propofed, that there fhall be a general meeting of the inhabitants of Fayette and the adjacent counties, on the next Auguft Fayette court day, at 12 o'clock, at the Prefbyterian meeting-houfe, in the town of Lexington, for the purpofe of taking into confideration, the prefent critical fituation of public affairs, & to exprefs to their reprefentatives, their opinions of the meafures which have been already adopted, and thofe which ought now to be purfued, at this eventful moment: and it is hoped, that the friends of peace, and thofe who are really attached to Republican principles, will be pointed in their attendance on this occafion.

July 2, 1798.

NICHOLAS *BRIGHT*,

BOOT AND SHOE

MANUFAC- *TURER.*

RETURNS his thanks to his cuftomers for their paft favors, and hopes by his attention to bufinefs, to merit them in future. He begs leave to inform the public in general that he continues to carry on the above bufinefs, in all its branches, on Crofs ftreet, two doors above Short ftreet. He will give generous wages to three or four good Journeymen.

C. *Humphreys*,

Has on hand, a few

FRANKLIN STOVES,

(*made at the Laurel Furnace*,)

Which he will fell on moderate terms for CASH——Lexington, June 6, 1798.

THE managers of the Lexington Chances of Infurance, have authorifed Mr. Samuel Poftlethwait of Lexington, to receive any money that may be due to them for tickets, and alfo, to pay fuch fums as may be due to the holders of fortunate numbers—wherefore, all thofe who are indebted are requefted to make immediate payment.

THE MANAGERS.

Lexington, September 2, 1797.

NOTICE,

ALL perfons indebted to the fubfcriber, are requefted to call and pay off their refpective balances, on or before the twentieth of Auguft next; about which time I intend fending for a frefh fupply of goods. Thofe who cannot poffibly pay, will at leaft be expected to call and clofe their accounts, by giving bond or note.—Any perfon neglecting the above notice, will be confidered as unwilling to difcharge their juft debts, and more effectual fteps will be taken to compel payment.

C. BEATY.

Lexington, July 10th, 1798. tf

CONVEYANCING.

James Blifs,

ATTORNEY AT LAW FROM ENGLAND,

HAVING refided fome years in America, and being juftified by confiderable practice and experience in the above profeffion, takes the liberty to intimate to the inhabitants of Lexington, and the public in general, he continues to draw and complete conveyancing in all its branches: Articles of Copartnerfhip and Agreement, Leafes, Wills, Letters of Attorney, Bonds and writings of every defcription, with *accuracy, fecrefy and difpatch*; and on reafonable terms at his houfe next the Swan tavern, near the Court-houfe.

tf Lexington, July 6, 1798.

WILLIAM ROSS,

BOOT AND SHOE

MA- *KER.*

RESPECTFULLY informs the public in general, and his friends in particular, that he is carrying on the faid bufinefs in the brick houfe on Short ftreet, oppofite the Prefbyterian meeting-houfe, and nearly oppofite the Market houfe, Lexington, in its various branches.—He wants one or two apprentices, that can come well recommended. 52w

FENCING.

THIS is to inform the young Gentlemen of Lexington, that I have opened a FENCING SCHOOL in the upper brick houfe on Main Street, where leffons will be given from five till feven o'clock, P. M.—For terms apply to the fubfcriber.

R. GILBERT.

June 5, 1798. tf

PARIS DISTRICT,—*July term*, 1798.

Seriah Stratton, complainant.

againft

George Winn, William Hord and John Thatcher, defendants,

IN CHANCERY.

The defendant Hord not having entered his appearance herein, agreeably to the act of affembly and the rules of this court, and it appearing to the fatisfaction of the court, that he is not an inhabitant of this commonwealth—On the motion of the complainant by his counfel, it is ordered that the faid Hord do appear here on the third day of the next October term, and anfwer the complainant's bill; and that a copy of this order be inferted in the Kentucky Gazette for two months fucceffively, and publifhed at the front door of the Prefbyterian meeting houfe in Paris fome Sunday immediately after divine fervice.

A copy. Teft,

THO. ARNOLD, C.P.D.C.

THE underfigned, with Jacob Myers, having inferted an advertifement in the Kentucky Gazette dated the 22d June 1798, requefting Lewis Myers, John Myers, John Scott and Jacob Froman, to meet them at the houfe of John Myers in the town of Danville, on Saturday the 14th of July, in order to form rules for the government of their company who had undertaken to erect Iron works as therein fet forth.

This is to inform faid partners, that as they did not attend on the day, they cannot any longer be confidered as partners, and that the underfigned have entered into articles to carry on the works, fecure the lands &c being conftrained fo to do, the faid Jacob Myers having refufed to enter into any confiftent agreement whatever.

MICHAEL HORINE,
JACOB HORINE,
JACOB DONNIER.

July 20th, 1798.

Notice

IS hereby given that on the fifth day of September next, I will attend with the commiffioners appointed by the county court of Nelfon county, at John Eaftburns, on Simpfons creek a little below the eaft fork in order to perpetuate the teftimony of certain perfons refpecting a pre emption granted to William Bratheurs, near the faid Eaftburns, and do fuch other acts as fhall be deemed neceffary and agreeable to law.

Cuthbert Combs.

A LIST OF LANDS

TO be sold at the court-house door in Washington, the 4th Monday in September next, (it being courtday) and to continue from day, to day until the whole is sold.

Thomas Underwood, 5000 acres waters Big Sandy. John Nicholson, 46,106-2 Little Sandy river; 26,802, Tygerts creek; 9000 Tygerts creek; 391-4 Little Sandy. James Greenleaf, 46,106-2, Little Sandy; 26,802, Tygerts creek; 9000, Tygerts creek; 391 4, Little Sandy. John C. Littlepage, 20,000 acres, Licking river. Richard Richardson's heirs, 500 acres, waters of Licking. John Stockdon, 2000 acres, Tygerts creek. Samuel Brockham's administrators, 1000 acres Licking creek. Samuel Brockham jun. 500 acres, Licking creek, adjoining Brockham's administrators. John Bradford, 2,270 2 acres, Licking. Nathan Hammond, 3,007 acres, Licking. Robert Gunnell, 750 acres, waters of Lees creek. John Gunnell, 250 acres, Waters of Lees creek. William Turnbull, 20,200 acres Sandy river; 10,000, do. Jesse Ewell, 1,250 acres, Johnson's fork; 8000, on the Ohio. Thomas Lomax, 2000 acres, Cabbin creek. Simon Triplett, 1,637 2 acres, N. W. fork Salt spring Licking. Robert Cochran, 11,100 acres, Waters of Sandy. Joshua Fry, 1,525 acres, Little Sandy. Abraham Maury jun. 2000 acres, Cabbin creek; 2,850, do. 3,307 2, do. Samuel Ford, 12000 acres, Elkhorn fork Licking. Christopher Ford, 1000 acres, Elkhorn fork Licking. John Hord, 500 acres, waters Johnsons fork. John Beckly, 800 acres, waters licking. Thomas Overton, 2000 acres, Johnsons fork. Richard Moore, 400 acres, Flat creek. Joel Franklin, 334 acres, Sandy river. John Kelly, 390 acres Licking and Ohio. John Kirkfoot and Knight, heirs to John Peters, 1,400 acres, Flat fork of Johnsons, including Mud lick. Richard Anderson's heirs, 900 acres, Sandy. John E. Booker, 4000 acres, Licking. Andrew Dillon, 2,559-2 acres, waters of Ohio. Lawrence Slaughter, 3,750 acres Cabbin creek. Robert Slaughter jun. 3,225 acres, Cabbin creek. William S. Stone, 500 acres, Cabbin creek. Joseph Strother, 3,610 3-4 acres, waters Big Sandy. Richmond Harris, 500 acres, N. fork of Licking. John C. Owings, 1000 acres, Sandy; 350 Mill creek. John Price's heirs, 7,955 2 acres, Locust or Cox's creek. James, John and Alexander M'Alexander, 800 acres, Flemings fork of Licking. John Hunter and Charles Morgan, 500 acres, waters of Licking. Colly Chew, 2000 acres, waters of Licking. Nathaniel Massie, 200 acres, on the Ohio river. Joshua Gist, 966 acres, Triplett's creek. John Richey, 2,047 acres, waters of Ohio. Nicholas Tillinghast, 3,274-2 acres, waters of Ohio. Thomas Champney, 20,000 acres, waters of Sandy. Francis Peyton, 1000 acres, N. fork of Licking. Joseph Strother, 7,800 acres, Big Sandy river. John Wigglesworth, 8000 acres, Big Sandy. John Welsh, 3,530 acres, Christians creek. Henry Robinson, 500 acres, Big Sandy. William Robinson, 1000 acres, do. Michael Robinson, 500 acres, do. 1,740, do. James Robinson 500 acres, do. Thomas M'Gee, 500 acres, do. William M'Gee, 500 acres, do. Mary M'Gee, 500 acres, do. Elizabeth James, 1000 acres, do. John Robinson's heirs, 4,373 acres, do. Benjamin Robinson's heirs, 4,373 acres, do. 4,760, do. John Robinson's heirs, 4,760 acres, do. John Stewart, 1,560-2 acres, do. William Richards, 773 acres, do. William Veigher, 1,700 acres, do. Humphrey Tompkins, 1000 acres, Salt lick creek. John Petty, 200 acres, Little and Big Sandy. James Steel, 500 acres, Cabbin creek. George Brooke's heirs, 7000 acres, waters Little Sandy. Richard Gains, 2000 acres, Cabbin creek. Representatives of Osburn, 1,603 acres Little Sandy. Mac Goode, 2,091-2 acres, Little Sandy. Thomas Bedford, 1,500 acres, Wilsons creek Was. Licking; 1000, N. fork of Licking. Joseph Williams and Lewis Neth, 5,312 acres, Fleming creek; 2,688, waters of Cabbin creek. Charles Tyler, 30,640 acres, Little Sandy; 17,800 Big Sandy. Thomas Collier's heirs, 3000 acres, Lees and Beeslys creek. Alexander Quarrier, 5,500 acres, Big Sandy; 1,200, Johnsons fork Licking Archibald Payne, 667 acres, Licking. George Evans, 18000 acres, Ohio and Laurences creek. John Monday, 4,040 acres, Little Sandy. Jacob Judy, 5,666-2 acres, Fox creek, Agors valley. Thomas Sanders, 1000 acres. Joseph M'Dowell, 1,100 acres, N. fork of Licking. William Ward, 2000 acres, Licking. Ellicott, Armstrong and Baller, 4,253 acres, Licking. William Webb, 938 acres, Big Sandy. George Carrington's heirs, 3,353-3 Licking river. Richard Morris, 400 acres, Lees and Mill creek; 1000 Mill creek. Thomas Alexander' 1000 acres, N. fork of Licking. David Buchannon, 6000 acres, Tygerts creek. John Peter's heirs, 500 acres, Ohio river; 500, Mill creek. Samuel and Richard Terrell, 300 acres, M. Bracken Ohio. Thomas Shore, 10,000 acres, N. fork of Licking. John Harris sen. 3,700 acres, Locust creek. John Harris, 5000 acres N. fork of Licking. Andrew Holmes, 5000 acres N. fork of Licking. Wade Mosby, 2,916 3 acres, on the Ohio river; 1,750, do. 500, Big Sandy; 250, do. Humphrey Tompkins, 1000 acres, do. Carns Sterret, 500 acres, N. and Johnsons forks; 1000, waters of Licking. Abraham M'Cleland, 1,028 acres, 70 mile creek. Thomas & Leroy Kenedy, 621 acres, do. George Lauman, 11,415, acres. Joseph Kelly and George Taylor, 3000 acres Cabbin creek. Henry Bedinger, 1000 acres, Licking waters. John Bledsoe, 500 acres, N. fork of Licking. Abraham Maury, 1000 acres, Cabbin creek. Edward Mitchell, 500 acres, Little Sandy. Minor Winn, 5,284 acres, Tygerts creek; 2,074, opposite the mouth of Beaver creek, Licking; 1,753-3, do. Samuel Pearle, 500 acres, Farrows creek, waters of Licking. John Blanton, 4000 acres; 750, Samuel Haw's heirs, 2000 acres, N. fork of Licking; 666 2-3, on the Ohio. Colby Shipp, 3000 acres, Licking; 2,333, do. 5000, Big Sandy waters; 800, waters of Licking; 500, 70 mile creek; 1000, waters of Ohio. Thomas James, 2,333 acres, Licking. John Wigglesworth, 3000 acres, do. William Wallace, 1,450 acres, do. Joshua Fletcher, 1,450 acres, do. John Williams, 250 acres, do. Andrew Byrne, 500 acres, do. West and Shackleford, 1000 acres, do. Laban Shipp, 1000 acres do. Henry Gatewood, 1000 acres do. Peter Van Horn, 1000 acres, Locust creek. Samuel Davis, 1000 acres, do. Augustine Webb, 5000 acres, waters Big Sandy. John Donnell, 1000 acres, S. fork Sandy; 2,160, do. 2,644 3-4, waters of do. 300, Salt fork of do. 700, do. 1000 S. fork of do. 1000 do. 1,480, N. side Main Licking; 1,231, waters Cabbin creek. William Sutherland, 1000 acres, 20 miles below Sciota. Cleon Moore, 5000 acres, Licking. Richard Bullard, 1000 acres, 8 or 9 miles south-west of —; 50, do. John Penny, 500 acres, N. fork Licking. John Skath, 200 acres, Licking. Rawleigh Chinn, 500 acres, east fork Licking, now called N. William Winslow, 2,076 acres, on Licking. James Graham, 1,187 acres, Johnstons fork Licking. John Montgomery, 500 acres, do. William Creighton, sen. 500 acres, Flemings creek, and Licking. William Creighton jun. 700 acres, do. James Russell, 1800 acres, Johnstons fork. John and Thomas Miller, 11,752-2 S. Waters Sandy. William Miller, 1000 acres, do. The heirs of John Smith dec. 500 acres. Robert and James Morton, 10,000 acres, N. fork Licking. John Moylan, 26,500 acres, Kinnacanick creek; 30,000 do. 20,000 Waters Big Sandy; 9000 do; 10,000. Henry Heath, 42,656 3-4 acres, between the head of little Salt Lick creek, one mile. Samuel Sherwin's heirs, 1000 acres, do. John Alexander and Charles Binns, 2000 acres, waters of Licking. Robert Morris, 14,950 acres Sandy river; 609; 6,021, Ohio; 7,987, Sandy river; 28,000, waters of do. 15,000, N. Branch of Sandy; 7000, N. fork Kentucky; 51,000, S. fork Sandy; 8000, main fork of do. 1000, Waters of Licking; 11,000, do. 943, do. 46,106-2, on Little Sandy; 26,802, Tygers creek; 9000, do. 391-4. Little Sandy; 2000, waters Licking. Thomas Harris, 10,000 acres, Salt fork of Licking. John Lewis, 10,000 acres, Sandy creek. Charles Patterson, 5,025 acres, N. fork of Licking. Fisher Bennett, 500 acres. Oliver Cleveland, 865 acres, Locust creek. Thomas Crawley, 3000 acres Licking. Charles Grimes, 12,000 acres, Licking, Johnsons fork. Graham & Jones, 20,500 acres Tripletts creek. Richard Holt, 1000 acres; 1000 do. James Hoffman, 555 acres, Cabbin creek. Samuel Johnson, 2,500 acres; 1,250, Fleming (half of 2500.) George Mason, 2,748 acres, Otter creek. William M'kee, 700 acres. Thomas Massie, 1000 acres. Giles Rains, 200 acres. Stephen Folle, 2000 acres, near Ohio. Caleb Tate, 1000 acres, Sandy. William Waddy, 27,018 acres, do. James Brown, 4000 acres, do. George Moore 1000 acres. John Ramsey, 600 acres Sandy. Andrew Steele, 500 acres, do. Richard Webb, 1,025 acres, Licking; 600, do, Aaron Bledsoe, 2,083 acres, do. Daniel Boone, 4000 acres, Fleming creek. Daniel M. Boone, 800 acres, Licking. John Patrick, 258 acres, do. Charles Patrick, 375 acres, do. The Devisees of William Ward dec. 2000 acres, do. 1,689, do. 400, do. 500, do. 300, do. 4000, do. 2000, do. 1000, N. fork of Licking; 167, do. 50, do. 2,633 do. 914, do. 705, do. 803, do. 500, do. 9,177, do. Anthony M'Ketrick, 11,517-2 acres. Joseph Colyer, 100 acres. Nathaniel Foster, 93 acres. John Mitchell, 50 acres. Alexander Armstrong, 90 acres, Locust. John Hunt, 600 acres; 11,918, do. Joel Reddish, 930 acres, Big Sandy. Edward Salts, 300 acres, Locust creek; 1,410, Johnsons fork. Michael Welch, 150 acres. William Brown, 1000 acres. William B. Chinn, 100 acres. John Chinn, 200 acres. Joseph Chinn, 100 acres. Caleb Tate, 1000 acres, on Sandy. William Hanceford, 1000 acres. Walter Ford, 12000 acres, Licking; 1000, do. William Grayson, 7,500 acres Ohio waters. John Harris, 26,597 acres, Sandy. Uriah Humphreys, 1000 acres, Ohio waters. Joshua Jones, 1,250 acres, waters of Big Sandy. Charles & William Jones, 1,250 acres, do. John Lewis, 1000 acres, N. fork of Licking. Stephen T. Mason, 12,000 acres, Big Sandy. James Nourse, 2000 acres, in two tracts, Cabbin creek. Rachel Strode, 1000 acres, Licking. William Smith's heirs, 3000 acres, Ohio waters; 3000, do. Charles Tyler, 25000 acres, Ohio. Representatives T. Cowen, 1,691 acres, Main Licking. William Goar, 250 acres, Upper Blue licks. Thomas Longwood, 500 acres, Little Sandy. Joseph Perrian, 400 acres, Blue licks. Charles Price, 1000 acres, Licking. John Petty, 200 acres, Sandy. Robert Alcock, 2,500 acres, Licking. Aaron Bledsoe, 1,033 acres Big Sandy. Pretty Merry, 425 acres, Ohio. James Scott, 532 acres, Limestone creek. Jacob Cohan, 2000 acres; 3,355 2 do. Isaiah Isaac, 5000 acres. Robert Slaughter and company, 5000 acres, Licking waters. Charles Campbell, 1000 acres, do. Reuben Austin, 1000 acres, do. Jesse Anderson, 1000 acres. Abraham Archer, 2000 acres, Johnsons fork. Samuel Bell, 450-2 acres, Licking. Fickling Fielding, 60 acres, Licking. Charles Fleming, 16,191 acres, Ohio. Stephen T. Mason, 12,000 acres, Sandy. John Karney, 1000 acres, James Primm, 1000 acres, Big Sandy. Col. George Stubblefield, 3,030 acres, Fox's creek. James Summeville, 27000 acres Tygerts creek. Henry Timberlake 1000 acres, Licking. Chapman Austin, Henry Timberlake, and Reuben Timberlake, 4000 acres, N. side of Licking, surveyed for Austin. John Fowler, 9,860 acres near Ohio. William Peters, 581-2 acres, Sandy. Gideon Grantlin, 1000 acres, Ohio. John Miller, 1000 acres, Sandy. William and Charles Marshall, 13,116 acres, N. fork of Licking. William Marshall, 3000 acres, M. of Big Sandy. Robert Wood, 1000 acres, Ohio. James Wood, 1000 acres, do. John Vance, 1000 acres, Mill creek. Joseph Wood's heirs, 1005, Licking. Daniel Henry, 10,000 acres, Ohio. Reuben Guthrie, 500, acres, Licking. John Ferguson, 500, acres, Cabbin creek. Walter Graham, 20,000 acres, Licking. Moses Hunter, 1709 acres, do. Isaac Lewis, 2500 acres, Sandy. John Lee, 100 acres, Locust. William Linton and Willoughby Tibbs, 15,620 acres, Salt lick. Cleon Moore, 9,922 acres, Licking. Alexander D. Orr and John Fowler, 4,933 3-4 acres, Salt lick. Alexander D. Orr, 11,000 acres. do. John Orr, 17,500 acres do. Benedict Triplett, 2500 acres, Sandy. Willoughby Tibbs, 4000 acres, Licking; 1000, Ohio; 5000, Licking; 5000, Ohio; 11,639, Salt lick; 5000, Sandy. Samuel Wilson, for Eliza Edmiston, 286 acres, North fork James and John Sugat, 3400 acres Quirk run. Alexander Brown, 16,000 acres, Tygerts creek. Thomas Barnett, 11,153 acres, Sandy. Thomas Bell, 3,800 acres do. James Bell, 1936 acres, do. James Brooks, 9314 acres, Licking. John Bowman, 261 acres, do. Samuel Davis 4000 acres, Fleming. Joseph Frazer 400 acres, Lawrences creek. Richard Lee 10,000 acres, Licking; 48,006, do. 6000, do. Henry Crouncher, 1000 acres, North fork. William Creighton, 500 acres Licking. Robert Creighton, 700 acres, Fleming. James Graham, 1200 acres, Johnstons. Moses Hunter, 1000 acres, North fork. William Marshall, 1875 acres, Sandy; 583, do. 1479, North fork. Thomas Maddox, 1000 acres, Cabbin Creek. Charles Patterson, 12,500 acres, Johnsons. Abraham Sheppard, 1000 acres, Fleming; 500, do. Joseph Galloway, 750 acres, Little Sandy. John Galloway, 250 acres, do. Samuel Galloway. 750 acres, do. James Galloway, 250 acres, do. William Derrett, 4634 acres, do. Simon Kenton, 15,000 Tygerts creek; 3,250, do. 1000, do. Thomas Morton heir of Alexander Thom, 9,888 acres, Licking. George Graham 4,857-2 acres Sandy; 750, Cabbin creek; 1,700, Ohio; 4000, Tygerts creek; 4,537-3, Tygers and Sandy; 1000, Ohio, 1500, do. Thomas Marshall sen. 4000 acres, Sandy; 525, Licking; 4002, I awrences creek. Jo. Roberts, 500 acres, Sandy. Alexander Reed, 1,200 acres, do. Abrem Carnvett, 2,750 acres, Cabbin creek. Richard Wood, 6 300 acres, Licking. James Ware, 1000 acres, Johnson. Minor Winn, 5,500 acres, Licking. Samuel Barbee, 500 acres, N. fork do. James Winn, 34,000 acres, Tygerts creek.

Thomas Dobyns, Sh'ff.

WILL be sold to the highest bidder, for cash, on the 13th day of August next, at Mount Sterling, the following tracts of land, or so much thereof, as will discharge the tax due thereon; to wit:

John Marks, 2600, Millers creek. Stephen Jett, 799, Slate. Jonah Thompson, 500, Little mountain. Thomas Buck, 500, Grassy lick. John Smith, 200, Licking. Godfrey Yager, 400, do. William Pollard, 1000, Red river. Thomas Harris 1000, Licking. William Shannon, 2000, north fork Kentucky. John Mayo's estate: 3000, Lulbugrud. Isaac Dairs jun. 1000, Little mountain. Thomas Bedford 8000, Slate. William Matthews, 3000, Licking. Benjamin Holliday's heirs, 1000, Mud lick. James Holladay, 400, Slate. James Vaun, 799 3-4, Red river. David Sandage, 750, Slate; 572, Indian creek. Austin Sandage, 500, Slate. Joseph Curd, 500, north fork Kentucky; 1000, Kentucky. Edward Curd, 2000, waters of Kentucky. John C. Owings: 2000, Slate creek; 1300 Indian fields; 500, Mud lick; 400, Hinkston; 900, Snake run; 800, Stepstone; 4000, Slate; 1000, Flat creek; 200 Prickley ash. William Dunwoody, 352, head waters of Slate. Thomas Millar 2000 Hinkston; 3000, waters of Licking. Thomas Millar and John Jarrard, 1000, Licking. Peter D. Robert, 18352, Red river; 11646 2-3 North fork. Job Johnson's estate, 1500, waters of Kentucky. Francis Payton, 3000, Hinkston. James Nelson, 500, Red river. Evans Evans, 5[illegible]0, Licking. Alexander Massie, 460, Lulbulgrud. Henry Young, 13066 2. Main Licking and Flat creek. W. Marshall & E. Langhorn, 6883 2-3, Flat creek. John Murray, 10000, Kentucky. Benjamin Vanter, 250, branch of Licking. Samuel Merriday, 6644, Slate. Josep Yearly, 450 —. Wm Webb, 834, Licking. James Minor's heirs, 2000, Slate. Garrard Minor, 2000, do. John Harris sen. 5000, do. John Welch, 300, do. Humphrey Tompkins, 2000, Red river; 1321, Hinkston, Henry Beard, 1092 2, Kentucky. Hardiman Beard, 1273, do. Richard Barr, 500, Licking and Slate. John Adcock, 500, Licking. Raney Shasteen, 600, Slate. Caleb Calleway, 3602. Spencer and Hinkston, 2000, waters of Kentucky. Dubartis Shepherd, 2900, Kentucky. John Donald, 2000, Main Licking. William Simms, 6000, Lick creek, branch of Kentucky. Thomas Cartright, 10000, North fork of Kentucky. William Winslow, 424, Licking. Moses Hunter, 2000, Red river. Jeremiah Moore, 1271, Slate and Flat creek; 1000, Flat creek. John Farrow, 2000, Slate. Stephen French. 2205, Slate. Anthony and John Rucker, 500 Kentucky. William Payne, 1000, Slate. Abner Crump & Co. 5859-2. Robert Morris, 10000, waters of Kentucky; 500, waters North fork Kentucky; also 7000; also 3125; also 3466 2-3; also 5000, waters North fork Kentucky; 15000, on the North fork Kentucky. Henry Garrett, 1000, Slate. John Alexander and Charles Burns, 3000, Hinkston. Daniel Bastit, 1000, Mud lick.

John Chiles, 1000, *Summerſet*. *William Chiles*, 500, *do.* *Andrew Crocket*, 400. *James Crocket*, 2000. *Walter Chiles*, 1000, *Licking*. *William Chiles*, 850, *Slate*. *James Doſville*, 1072 3-4, *do.* *Thomas Francis*, 500, *Summerſet*. *James Fox*, 1000, *Slate*. *Reuben Garnet*, 1700. *Peter Gooding's heirs*, 2000, *Licking*. *Joel Lipſcomb*, 500, *Hinkſton*. *Samuel M'Craw*, 5937, *Kentucky*. *George Maſon*, 400, *Summerſet*. *John M'Kinny*, 500, *Red river*. *William M'Kee*, 536. *Matthew Robinſon*, 10000, *Red river*. *Joſeph Sandage*, 300, *Licking*. *John C. Tully Cope*, 2000, *Slate*. *George Underwood*, 3047, *Licking*; 1950, *do.* *Richard Webb*, 2000, *Flat creek*; 2000, *do.* *Aaron Bredjoe*, 500, *Mudlick*. *Samuel Ewing*, 1500, *Licking*. *Nathaniel Rocheſter*, 1672 *Millers creek*. *Daniel Boone*, 1500 *Red river*; 5000, *head of Kentucky*. *Benjamin Bibb*, 1150, *Red river*. *Jacob Myers*, 1000, *Slate creek*; 500, *Middle lick*. *James Morgan*, 750 *Slate creek*. *James Beatty*, 1500. *Chriſtopher Cainn*, 150, *Lulbulgrud*. *George and Abraham George*, 1000. *Darnal Smith*, 70. *William Hall* 150. *Henry Myers*, 200. *John Gipſon*, 10000, *Slate creek*. *William B. Cainn*, 100. *David Jamiſon*, 3000. *Andrew Kincaid*, 200, *William Linn*, 1000. *John Montgomery*, 5000, *Licking*. *John Douglas*, 300, *do.* *Evan Craddock* 375, *do.* *Benjamin Dicker*, 450, *do.* *Anthony Handley*, 2000 *Kentucky*. *Thomas M'Connel's heirs*, 4000, *Licking*. *Eli Thompſon*, 641 2, *Slate*. *Cornelius Wincoop*, 1000 *do.* *James Nourſe*, 5000, *Sandy*. *Robert Garnett*, 1833, *Kentucky*. *Richard Lavory*, 1000, *Summerſet*. *John Reed*, 500. *John M'Clung*, 270. *John Auſtin*, 1000, *Kentucky*; 1000, *Red river*; 1000, *do.* *Benjamin Oliver*, 3000, *Red river*. *John Gore*, 1000. *Benjamin Winſlow*, 500, *Kentucky*. *Daniel Henry*, 2223-2, *Little Sandy*. *George Slaughter*, 500, *Kentucky*. *Willaby Tibbs*, 5600-4, *Licking*. *William Marſhall*, 4745 *Slate*. *William B. Sears*, 1500, *Hinkſton*. *Thomas Holts*, 5000, *Licking*; 2000 *Slate*; 2000 and 1000, *do.* *Thomas Middleton*, 250, *Graſſy creek*. *George Grayham*, 1000, *waters of Hinkſton*. *Cateſby Grayham* 950, *Summerſet*.

The ſale will commence at 10 o'clock P. M. and continue by adjournment, until all is ſold, or the taxes paid.—Titles to purchaſers will be made as the law directs.

Robert Higgins, *ſhff. Clarke.*

July 6th, 1798.

A LIST of delinquents returned from the Auditor of Public accounts, to the ſheriff of Hardin county, to be ſold for the taxes due thereon:

Elizabeth Moody, 2000 acres, waters of Green river. Anthony W. White, 1000, Rough creek. Robert Cobb, 60,322 Ohio. Kinnian Jones 118,822, Panther creek; 4000 ditto; 5000 Ohio; 10,000 do.; 10,500 Caney creek; 3,547 Bear creek; 2,933 Pleaſant cr. 4000 Ohio; 1000 Little Clifty; 4,041 Round bottom; 2000 Otter creek; 5000 Clover creek; 2000 Nolin; 400 Wolf creek; 10,000 do.; 2,600 Panther creek; 20,000 do.; 400 Nolin; 1000 Sovern's Valley; 600 Rough cr. 600 do.; 600 Otter creek; 400 S fork Otter creek; 500 Sinking creek; 6000 Bulgus grove; 200; 1,400; 2000 Clover creek; 1000 Laurel creek; 1000; 4,500 Nolin, muddy; 800 Nolin ſtation; 700 Dog creek; 2000 Rock creek; 8,728 Caney creek; 1000 do.; 1,500 Rough creek; 1000 Soverns valley; 1000 Billeys creek; 1000 Nolin creek; 500 Sulphur creek; 300 adjoining Renich; 500 Round ſtone creek; 14,200 Big Reedy; 2,450 Caney creek; 7,200 Panther creek; 1000 Bear creek; 140 ditto. James Brown 1000 Rough cr. Howel Lewis 10,000 Panther creek. Nicholas Broyle 1400 Middle creek. Nancy Caty and Rebecca M'Donald 1200 Rough creek. Robert Buckner 2000. Lawrence Griſham 325. Eliſha Freeman 400 Nolin. Jacob Short 400 do. John Barnet's heirs 400. Richard Harriſon 3000 Rough creek. Robert Johnſton 537 do. 1472 Clfty. Alexander Marr 1000 Green river. James Strode 800. William Witherly 2,600 Nolin. Moſes White 500 in the Barrens. Thomas Bull 15 Rolling fork; 400 do. William Blackburn 200 do. Joſeph Barnett dec. 30,000 Rough cr. Charlock Comtney 123 Nolin. Samuel Cample 1,094, Valley. Samuel Culberſon 330 Little Clifty. Samuel Evans 10,000 Bear creek. Aaron Graham 120 Rough creek. John Handley 7,500 Green river; 10,054 do. 3,704 do. 4100 do. 4000 do. 2000 Panther creek; 1,500 do. 5000 Rough creek; 5000 Long-lick creek; 400 Valley creek; 1000 Sinking creek; 400 Nolin; 1000 Green river; 350 Sinking creek; 600 Rock creek; 300 do. Charles Hickman 1000 Clover creek; 500 Hardins creek: 163 Clover creek. Samuel M'Grady 500 Halls creek. James Nourſe 1500 Bonds creek; 3,996 Rough creek; 116 Nolin, 2000 Cedar creek; 750 do. 4311 Rough creek; 1000 do. 3000 do. 1150; 1000 Nolin; 400 do. 788 Salt-lick creek; 1200 Green river; 1800 Bear creek; 2000 Rough creek; 200 Nolin; 2000 Rough creek; 100 Otter creek. George Parſley 200 Middle creek. Enos Randolph 124 Rolling fork. Iſham Talbot 2940 Salt river. Joſeph Vaumater 262 Nolin. Nicholas Welch 1130 Rough creek. Richard I. Waters 2000 Clifty. Walter Baker's heirs 1000 Green river. John Comb's heirs 200 Rough and Sinking creek. Thomas Hays 3200 Dovets & Limeſtone. Joſeph Graves 643 Caney creek. David Leitch 2000 Nolin. Benjamin Pope, in the name of Edward Goodin 400 Rolling fork. William Weathers 500 Ohio, mb. S. R. 500 adjoining the above. Thomas Parker 1000 Buffalo creek. Samuel Pearman 800 Rolling fork. Richard Taylor 1000 Panther creek. Armſted Churchil 250 Valley creek; 200 do. Robert Johnſton 800 Bartons; 759 Rock-lick creek; 1472 Big Clifty. Joſeph Allen 1000 Hardins creek; 1000 do. Francis Blunt 500 Nolin. Thomas Auſtin 1200. John Fowler 80,000 on Green river. Smith paynce 2146 Little yellow bank creek. Matthew Ridgely dec. 1500 Nolin; 500 Mill creek; 200 Salt river; 1000 Nolin; 600 Ohio; 200 Cane run. George Slaughter 1500 Blaickfords creek. Thomas Watkins 1000 Rough creek. John Philips 4924. Morris Langhorn 3000 Wolf creek. John Langhorn 3000 do. Iſaac Hite's executors 500 Hardins creek; 500 do. 500 Clover creek; 1000 Hardins creek; 519 Rough creek; 418 do; 500 Shot-pouch creek. George Rogers 500 Helm's fork, Bear creek. Jonathan Swift 3400 Indian camp creek; 1950 Welch's creek; 568 waters do. Simon Triplett 1000 Lynn camp creek. Joſeph Butler 1000 do. Robert Walſh 20718 Rough creek. William Pollard 1000 Clear creek. Saml. Payne 708 loſt run branch. Benjamin Toler 1803 & 3 8 waters of Lewis creek. Margaret Ray 400 Bear creek. Philip Ray 400 do. Joſeph Ray 400 do. Sarah Ray 400 do. Thomas Dixon 2000 Little yellow bank creek. Edward Ireland 4000 Nolin and Rolling fork. Jeſſe Hollandſworth 2000 waters Green river. Sampſon Matthews 4670-2 Caney and Bear creek; 1500 Clover creek. John Brown 1000 Clifty. Thomas Gains 620 do. John Watkins 2500 Green river. Richard Hord dec. 763 waters do. 1777 & 2 3 Green river; 1335-4 waters Panther creek; 666 & 2-3 do. Thomas Hord 1777 & 2-3 Green river; 1335-2 waters Panther creek; 666 & 2 3 Panther creek; 731-2 Green river; John Hord 721-2 waters Green river; 1777 & 2-3 Green river; 1335-2 Panther creek; 666 & 2-3 do. Adrian Valch 4000 Ohio. Eliſha Leak 1000. Alexander Thom's heirs 2925 waters Green river. William Goodwin 400 *Wolf creek, near Ohio*; 1000; 1000; 3000. Francis *Wheatly* 1000 Green river. *William Whitley* 500 do. Joſeph *Wilkinſon* 5997 & 3-4 Rough cr. *William Withers ſen.* 500 *on the Ohio*; 500 *do.* *George Bourne* 1500 *Green river.* *Thomas Bourne* 2000 *do.* *Ralph Humphreys's adm'rs* 500 *Valley creek.* *John Smith* 500 *Rough creek.* *John Swan* 1000 *do* 500 *Mill creek*; 1000 *in the Barrens.* *David Ramſey* 12.500 *waters Green river*; 2500 *do* *John Howell* 5472 *Rough creek.* *Lewis Ward* 325 *Round ſtone.* *James Wilkinſon* 3000 *below Salt river*; 5779 *waters of Rough creek.* *John Houſton* 860 *do* 640 *do.* *William Fullerton* 5000 *do.* 4000 *head do* *James Steel* 30,000 *Green river and Nolin.* *William Billingſled* 1000 *do.* *Iſaac Bowman* 1400 *Delaware creek.* *Joſeph Nourſe* 400 *Green river*; 285 *Reedy creek.* *Walker & Smith* 2416 2 *Rough creek.* *Richard Gains* 3200 *Big Clifty*; 544 *do.* 1101 *Barnets creek.* *William Galt* 1060 *waters Green river.* *Jacob Souther* 1100 *Rough creek.* *Peter Defargus* 500 *do.* *Adam Hoops* 1800 *Indian-camp creek.* *Iſrael Smith* 3000 *branch Rough creek.* *James Dickey, Robert Johnſton and James Buckhannon* 5900 *waters Nolin.* *Dickey and Buckhannon* 2610 *Ohio, mouth Dock run.* *John Fitch* 500 *waters Rough creek.* *Ralph W. Hunt* 1500 *Green river.* *Arthur Campbell* 400 *Ohio.* *John V. Webb* 1000 *waters Rough creek.* *Iſaac Winſton* 2062 *Rough creek*; 2938 *do.* *Samuel Terrell* 500 *Ohio*; 600 *Bear creek*; 200 *do.* *Henry Work* 400 *Nolin*; 1000 *Green river.* *Moſes Tuttle* 300 *waters do.* *William Ruſſell* 3000 *Nolin*; 2000 *waters Rough creek.* *John Blanton* 271 *Salt river and Harrods creek*; 60 *waters Ohio*; 56 *do.* 2500 *Big Reedy*; 1114 *Indian camp creek*; 684 *Rough creek*; 108 *do.* 433; 489; 43. *Hugh Barby* 1300 *below Hardins creek.* *Archibald Crawford* 200 *waters of Green river.* *William Herndon* 1050 *waters of Ohio.* *Ignatius Pigman* 9000 *Green river*; 1000, *do.* 1025 *Rough creek*; 600 *Indian camp.* *John Hood* 30,000 *Nolin.* *Joſeph Hornſby* 400 *Panther creek*; 400 *do.* *James Morriſon* 12,000 *Green river.* *Henry Harriſon* 600 *Green river.* *Arthur Campbell* 400 *do.* *William C. Webb* 1000 *Rough creek.* *John Dorritt* 300 *Hardins creek.* *David Barbour* 113.482 *Ohio.* *John C. Owings* 7.093 *Rough Creek*; 400 *do.* *Robert Morris* 75,000 *Rough creek*; 5200 *Green river*; 15.000 *waters of the Rolling fork & Green river.* *Samuel Sherwin's heirs* 1600 *Ohio*; 1000 *wolf creek.* *Francis Epp's heirs* 3000 *Ohio.* *Alexander Spottſwood* 2000 *South branch of Rough creek.*

Which ſale will commence on the 15th day of Auguſt 1798, and adjourn from day to day till the whole be ſold.

GEO. HELM, SHFF. H. C.

July 12, 1798.

NOTICE

IS hereby given, that I ſhall apply to the county court of Warren in Auguſt next, for an order to eſtabliſh a town agreeable to law, on my land lying on Big Barren river at the confluence of ſaid river and Drakes creek.

ANDREW M'FADDIN.

June 6th, 1798.

NOTICE.

THAT application will be made to the county court of Bourbon county at their next September court for leave to eſtabliſh a town on my lands on Hingſtons fork of Licking creek, at the place known by the name of Millerſburgh.

JOHN MILLER.

July 2d, 1798. 2am 3m

NOTICE.

THERE will be application made to the county court of Warren county, for a town to be eſtabliſhed on the lands of Samuel Doughty againſt the October court, 1798. *6s

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Twenty-ſix Dollars Reward.

DESERTED, from this garriſon, on the night of the 12th inſt. James M'Gonagle and Eliſha Cachill, ſoldiers of the 4th United States regiment.

M'Gonagle is an Iriſhman by birth, about twenty-one years of age, five feet eight inches high; dark complexion, long black hair, black eyes, by trade a cooper—he formerly lived in Maryland and Delaware; and probably may ſteer that way or to Kentucky.

Cachill is country born, about twenty-one years of age, five feet five inches high, fair complexion, brown hair, black eyes, by trade a blackſmith, has a caſt in his left eye, which is very obſervable. They went off in company, and took their regimental cloathing with them. It is preſumed that M'Gonagle will forge paſſes and diſcharges for themſelves. The above reward will be paid for apprehending and ſecuring them, or on delivering them to any officer in the United States, or thirteen dollars for either, and reaſonable expences if brought to this place.

B. Lockwood,
Capt. 4th U. S. regt.

Fort Butler, 13th July, 1798.

TAKE NOTICE.

THAT on the 22d day of Auguſt 1797, I ſhall attend with the commiſſioners appointed by the county court of Shelby, to take the depoſition or depoſitions, as the caſe may be, to eſtabliſh the calls in an entry made in the name of John Withers and James Duncan, for one thouſand acres of land lying on the waters of Braſhear's creek, near the head of Clear creek; the ſaid entry calls for the head of a branch which runs into the ſaid creek, oppoſite to John Baily's cabbin, and to include a cabbin built by Evan Hinton. I ſhall meet at Mr. Abraham Reece's tavern near the head of Clear creek, and from thence proceed to Hinton's cabbin, then and there to take the depoſitions agreeable to an act of the legiſlature for that purpoſe.

George Marſhall,
attorney for [illegible]ithers.

A Caution to the Public,

Reſpecting a forgery that has lately taken place in Kentucky.

WHEREAS, my buſineſs laſt ſummer, called me from this ſtate, to the ſtate, of Georgia, at which place I exchanged my lands, and other property in Georgia, with a certain Daniel Wagnon, for ſix thouſand nine hundred and ſeventy-ſix acres of military lands, in Logan county, Kentucky, in three different tracts—the patents whereof, were iſſued in the name of Joſeph Trible, who was there at that time, and made the deeds of conveyance to me, as Mr. Wagnon only obtained the lands from him a few days before his contract with me, which was in the month of Auguſt, ninety-ſeven. To each tract, was a certificate, ſetting forth the quality of the lands, ſigned by Rowland Madiſon, and Robert Ewing, juſtices of the peace, in, and for Logan county. Below each certificate in this order was another certificate, aſſerting thoſe men to be juſtices of the peace in Logan county, ſigned by Samuel Caldwell, clerk of ſaid county, with the county ſeal affixed thereto; and that the ſaid deſcribed lands were clear of all incumbrance whatever. Therefore, through the faith and credit I put in thoſe papers, I exchanged my lands in Georgia, and having returned this ſpring to this ſtate, I went to Logan couty, to ſee the lands, but found them not. I then went to the gentlemen that ſhould have recommended the lands, to whom I produced the papers, that they ſhould have ſigned, but every man denied the hand writing, and proteſted the whole proceedings to be forgery. On my return I called on Governor Shelby, who ſhould have ſigned the patents, he alſo proteſted the patents to be forged, and never ſigned by him. I then went to the land office, at Frankfort, and the clerk thereof proteſted that no ſuch patents were ever iſſued from that office, nor any entry made of any ſuch lands. James Brown, did alſo proteſt his name, on each patent, not to be his hand writing, who was then ſecretary of the ſtate. Now, though I have recourſe to a bond with ſecurity, recorded in Wilkes county office, for the value of my property, in Georgia—yet, in order to do juſtice to other citizens, both here and elſewhere, I have thought proper to make this matter known, that there may not be ſuch an impoſition uſed upon other men, as what hath been done on me. But, I am not the only ſufferer in this villainy. From what I learn, there has been thirty-two thouſand acres of military lands, forged in the ſame way, and ſold laſt fall, in Redſtone; and near forty thouſand acres more, in old Virginia. It is generally thought that this forgery hath taken place near the Cumberland river, and not far diſtant from the ſettlement of Philip Alton in Chriſtian county. But, I take it for granted, that thoſe gentlemen who hold the reins of government in their hands, will not paſs over this with impunity, but endeavor as much as they can, to check the progreſs of this growing evil, leſt thoſe villains over run the land, as the caterpillars and locuſts did the land of Egypt. Will they not become as pernicious to this commonwealth, as the Heſſian fly is to the wheat? Doth not *Juſtice* ſay, cut them down; why incumbereth they the ground? But, mercy ſayeth, erect your penitentiary houſe, or ſolitary cell, where, they may work out their time with a living ſorrow, which will be doing juſtice to the community at large, and to none more than the preſent ſufferer,

M. KAIN.

P. S. It is evident from the hand writing of Trible, in ſigning the deeds to me, that he was not capable of completing the forgery, though a villain in the mean, I believe. He is about 6 feet high, 35 or 36 years of age, and weighs nearly about two hundred, and is now ſaid to be in the Creek nation. In Robinſon county, ſtate of Tenneſſee, he is known by the name of Joſeph Still, or Trible Still, in Hanover county Virginia, where he was moſtly raiſed, he is known by Joſeph Welſher Trible, but in all his papers to me, by the name of Joſeph Trible, &c.

M. K.

The Kentucky Engliſh Grammar,
May be had at the Office of the Kentucky Gazette.

THE SUBSCRIBERS

HAVE juſt imported, and now opened for ſale, a large and very general aſſortment of

MERCHANDIZE,

Well calculated to all ſeaſons; which they will ſell on very low terms for caſh.

TROTTER & SCOTT.

N. B. the ſubſcribers have imported a large quantity of well aſſorted barr iron, and alſo have a conſtant ſupply of caſtings and ſalt. tf

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FOR SALE,

Forty thouſand acres of

L A N D,

O N L I C K I N G.

3,350, ditto in Jefferſon county, on the waters of Bear Graſs.

1000 acres of a pre-emption in Shelby county, Foxe's run.

400 acres adjoining the pre-emption.

1000 acres on the Ohio, Jefferſon county.

2,500 on the Ohio, Maſon county.

2000 do. do.

4000 acres on the Beech Fork, Nelſon county.

2,333 1-3 acres on Fern creek, Jefferſon county

7000 acres on Rough creek, Hardin county.

4,300 acres in Maſon county, on the Ohio.

450 acres on Green-river, Lincoln county

750 acres on Coxe's creek, Nelſon county.

1000 do. near the Kentucky river, Woodford county.

The greater part of the above lands I will ſell very low for the next crop of toabcco, wheat, flour, hemp or merchandiſe.

SAMUEL P. DUVALL.

April 1ſt, 1798. tf

Doctor Samuel Brown,

BEGS leave to inform the PUBLIC, that he will practice MEDICINE and SURGERY in LEXINGTON and its VICINITY—He occupies the houſe in which Mr. Love lately lived, oppoſite to Mr. Stewart's printing office.

He will undertake, on reaſonable terms, to inſtruct one or two pupils, who can bring good recommendations.

September 5, 1797. tf

I HAVE been directed by the managers of the Lexington Lodge lottery, to order ſuits to be commenced againſt every perſon in arrears for the purchaſe of ticketts without diſcrimination: but think it proper to give this further notice, under the fulleſt confidence, that many of thoſe indebted will prevent the managers from being forced to a meaſure ſo extremely diſagreeable; and will relieve them from their preſent difficulties, by immediately paying to me, their reſpective ballances due the lottery. Application is frequently made for prizes; but no money to diſcharge them—ſuits have been commenced and judgments obtained againſt the managers. CASH is really wanted, and it is hoped this notice will be attended to.—No further indulgence can be given. All thoſe who have purchaſed tickets and are entitled to a credit on account of prizes, are requeſted to forward their fortunate numbers as ſoon as poſſible, that the true ſtate of their accounts may be known. THOs. BODLEY, for the Managers.

TO BE SOLD FOR CASH.

A Likely Negro Woman,

WELL calculated for houſe buſineſs.—Cooks, Waſhes, Sews and Knitts well. Apply to the printer hereof.

TAKEN up by the ſubſcriber, living in Waſhington county on the north ſide of the Chaplin fork near the mouth of Thomſons creek, a ſorrel mare with a white mane and tail, ſuppoſed to be fifteen or ſixteen years old, fourteen hands high, no brand perceivable, but on the point of her off hip ſtands a ſcar or brand thus C, with a blaze face, ſaddle ſpots on both ſides of her back, appraiſed to 7l. 10s.

Mathew Ramey.

May 26th, 1798. *

TAKEN up by the ſubſcriber, living in Garrard county on Back creek, a bay mare one year old laſt ſpring, about four feet two inches high, with a mealy noſe, no brand perceivable, appraiſed to 2l. 2s.

John Bruce.

February 5th, 1798. *

N. B. Since the above mare has ſhed there appears a brand on the near ſhoulder thus J.

BLANK DEEDS

for ſale at this Office.

Alexander Parker.

Has juſt received from Philadelphia, in addition to his former aſſortment,

Sherry and Port Wines,	Screw augers,
French brandy, ſpirits & ſhrub.	Wheel irons,
Hyſon-ſkin & bohea teas.	Knives and forks,
Madder,	Sprigs & Saddler's tacks,
White lead and Spaniſh whiting.	Queens and glaſs ware, aſſorted,
Anvils, whipſaws.	Coarſe muſlins,
Crowley ſteel,	Stuff and Morocco ſlippers, &c. &c. &c.

Which he will ſell on moderate terms for CASH.

Lexington, June 1ſt. 1798.

JOHN JORDAN jun.

HAS juſt arrrived from Philadelphia with a LARGE and EXTENSIVE ASSORTMENT of

MERCHANDIZE;

Which he is now opening and will ſell whole ſale, on moderate terms.

Lexington, February 18th, 1798.

FOR SALE,

Several Small Tracts of VERY Valuable LAND, *and of inconteſtible* TITLE, *(viz:)*

MILITARY LANDS IN THE STATE OF TENNESSEE.

360 Acres, comprehending three tracts of 120 acres each, adjoining the ſouthern boundaries of an addition to the town of Clarkſville, of the eaſtern bank of the river Cumberland, with a fine ſpring of water in each of the ſaid tracts.

46 town lots, and out lots, being part of 56 town lots and out lots in the aforeſaid addition to the town of Clarkſville.

53 ſeparated out lots of two acres each, being part of 55 out lots, lying on the eaſt ſide of the aforeſaid addition to the town of Clarkſville, reſerved for the accommodation of the purchaſers of the town lots, during the term of 18 months from November laſt.

IN THE ILLINOIS GRANT, N. W. TERRITORY.

200 acres, being part of a 500 acre ſurvey No. 126, granted to John Moore, as ſerjeant of artillery in the Illinois regiment, by a deed of the truſtees of ſaid grant.

LANDS LYING NEAR THE VILLAGE KASKASKIAS.

In the Illinois diſtrict, now county of St. Clair, N. W. Territory, granted by court or commandant for the ſtate of Virginia, in 1783.

1440 acres, viz. 960 in 8 grants of 120 acres—480 in 2 grants of 240 acres; joined together on the eaſt ſide of the river Kaſkaſkias, oppoſite the village of the ſame name.

564 acres bounded on the front by the ſaid river Kaſkaſkias.

3880 ditto, comprehending 10 grants in the year 1784, lying together on the weſt ſide of the river Kaſkaſkias, above and near the village of the ſame name.

360 ditto, bounded on the north by the aforeſaid 10 grants.

Alſo one lot in the town of Kaſkaſkias, pleaſantly ſituated near the bank of the river.

For further information apply to

P. D. ROBERT.

Who has for ſale 450 lbs. of very good GUN POWDER.

Lexington, April 4, 1798. tf

FOR SALE,

ALL the lands belonging to John Cockey Owings, in this ſtate.—Alſo his ſhare in the Ir on Works—for terms apply to

B. VANPRADELLES, attoy. in fact for John Cockey Owings.

FRENCH SCHOOL.

THE SUBSCRIBER,

ENCOURAGED by a number of reſpectable perſons, has lately removed to the town of Lexington. He propoſes, with the aſſiſtance of his wife, to inſtruct young people of both ſexes, in the

FRENCH LANGUAGE & DANCING.

His terms willl be moderate; and thoſe who entruſt him with the care of their children, may rely on his attention and aſſiduity. He will commence teaching on the 23d of this month,

Woldemard Mentelle.

July 20, 1798. ‖3t

EIGHT DOLLARS REWARD.

Ran away from the ſubſcribers, in Fayette county, on Sunday the 15th inſt. two negro men, named Scipio, and Jacob. Scipio is about five feet five inches high, has a halt in his left leg which is the ſmalleſt occaſioned by a cut, tow linen ſhirt and trowſers, and a dove coloured wool hat. Jacob had on tow linen ſhirt and trowſers, nankin waiſtcoat, and an old hat, about five feet four inches high: Whoever takes up ſaid negroes and ſecures them ſo that we get them again, ſhall receive the above reward and what is allowed by law.

ANDREW M'CALLA,
JOSHUA BROWN.

July 14th, 1798. *1ttf

BLANK BOOKS,

Suitable for Clerks, Merchants, Sheriffs, &c. or ſale at this office.

TROTTER & SCOTT,

HAVING determined to make a full ſettlement of all accounts from their commencement in buſineſs in this country until the preſent date, earneſtly requeſt all thoſe indebted to them, either by bond, note or book account, to come forward and make immediate payment, as the nature of their buſineſs will not admit of longer delay. They therefore hope, they ſhall be prevented from the diſagreeable neceſſity of commencing ſuits againſt any.

Lexington, December 19, 1797.

TOBACCO MANUFACTORY.

THE ſubſcriber informs his friends and the public in general, that he continues to carry on the manufactory of tobacco, in all its various branches, equal to any in this ſtate, nearly oppoſite lawyer Hughes's, on Main ſtreet, where he intends to have a quantity ready for ſale, wholeſale and retail. Thoſe gentlemen who pleaſe to favor him with their cuſtom may be ſupplied on the ſhorteſt notice. A conſiderable credit will be given, when purchaſed wholeſale, by giving bond with approved ſecurity.

JACOB LAUDEMAN.

Lexington, Jan. 15, 1798.

Juſt arrived from New-Orleans,

A quantity of high proof

JAMAICA SPIRITS;

Alſo a quantity of

BEST HAVANNAH SUGAR,

Which will be ſold on low terms.—Apply to

A. HOLMES.

Lexington May 26, 1798. tf

Samuel & George Trotter,

HAVE juſt received and are now opening at their ſtore in Lexington, A large and general aſſortment of merchandiſe, conſiſting of *DRY GOODS, HARDWARE, GROCERIES, GLASS* and *QUEENSWARE: NAILS, ANVILS, VICES, STEEL,* &c. which will be ſold on the very *loweſt* terms for CASH.

In addition to the above, they have lately received

Mill Gudgeons, and 8 by 10 *Window-Glaſs.*

Juſt Imported,

And now opening, at the corner of Main and Croſs ſtreets, oppoſite the old court-houſe, a a variety of articles, adapted to the preſent and approaching ſeaſon, viz.

An aſſortment of dry goods,	Loaf, white & brown Sugars,
Hardware & cuttlery,	Alſpice, cinnamon, ginger &c.
Sad irons, hoes ſcythes and ſicles,	Allum, copperas, arnotto,
Crockery and glaſs wares,	A few hundred of excellent logwood.
Japanned do.	Jeſuit's bark,
A general aſſortment of tin do.	Glauber's ſalts.
Pewter baſons, diſhes and plates.	Copper tea kettles,
Superfine poſt and common paper,	Two large and one ſmall ſtill,
School bibles and teſtaments,	Sheet iron & nail rods,
Spelling books,	Nails & flooring brads, from 3d. to 12d.
Dilworth's aſſiſtant.	Window glaſs, 7 by 9 8 by 10, 9 by 11, 10 by 12,
Mairs book-keeping,	A variety of ſaddlery,
Blank books,	Saddles, ſaddle bags whips and bridles of every deſcription.
Cherry bounce,	Alſo a few excellent double and ſingle trigger rifleguns.
Porter,	
Wines,	
Teas, Coffee, and Chocolate,	
Pepper,	

All of which will be diſpoſed of extremely low for caſh, by the public's humble ſervant,

NATHAN BURROWS.

Lexington, March 8, 1798.

‡ A generous price will be given for country ſugar,

Secretary's Office,
20th July, 1798.

WHEREAS it is provided in and by an act to amend an act entitled "an act to amend an act entitled an act for opening a road to Cumberland Gap," that if John Thurman, who by the ſaid act was appointed KEEPER OF THE TURNPIKE for and during the term of ſeven years, ſhould refuſe to act, the governor ſhould appoint ſome other perſon in his room, who ſhall give bond & ſecurity in the penalty of 3000l to keep the road in repair; and whereas the ſaid John Thurman has refuſed to act; Notice is hereby given that the Governor will be ready to receive any propoſals for keeping the ſaid turnpike, accompanied by the names of the perſons who will give the required ſecurity, at any time within one month from the date thereof.

HARYY TOULMIN.

TAKEN up by the ſubſcriber, living in Montgomery county, on Flat creek, near the road that leads from Paris, to Slate furnace, a black mare, five years old, with a blaze face fourteen hands high, ſhod all round branded thus E, on both ſhoulders, appraiſed to eighteen pounds.

* April 28th, 1798.

For Sale,

THE FOLLOWING TRACTS OF LAND.

ONE tract lying in the county of Campbell, on the waters of Locuſt creek, containing 2699 acres. One tract, lying on Long Lick creek, a branch of Rough creek, Hardin county, about ſeven miles from Hardin ſettlement, containing 2500 acres.

The above lands will be diſpoſed of on moderate terms; one half of the purchaſe money to be paid down, for the other a credit of twelve months will be given; the purchaſer giving bond with approved ſecurity. Any perſon inclinable to purchaſe, may know the terms by applying to Capt. Robt. Craddock in Danville or, JOHN W. HOLT, atto. in fact

‡2wtf for THOs. HOLT.

THE ſubſcribers have a quantity of HEMP in town to break, for which ſervice they will give 7/6 per 112 lb.

DAVID DODGE, & Co.

Lexington, Jan. 31, 1798.

FOR SALE,

FOUR hundred and twenty-four acres of LAND, lying on the Main branch of Licking, patented and ſurveyed in the year 1788—the title indiſputable. For terms apply to the ſubſcriber at Capt. William Allen's, Lexington.

tf ROBERT BRADLEY.

JUST IMPORTED,

AND TO BE SOLD AT THE SIGN OF

ANDREW M'CALLA's

APOTHECARY SHOP,

Near the STRAY PEN, Lexington, a variety of FRESH MEDICINE, PAINTS, &c.

Among which are, Wolf Bait, Gum Elaſtic, Lamp Black, Nipple Glaſſes, Breaſt Pipes, Steel Truſſes, Sand Crucibles, Almonds, Tamarinds Curran Jelly, Anchovies.

A number of which he will ſell much lower than any that has hitherto been offered in this ſtate. February 19, 1798.

David Humphreys,

CLOCK & WATCH-MAKER,

RESPECTFULLY informs his friends and the public in general, that he carries on his buſineſs in all its various branches, in Capt. Kenneth M'Coy's houſe on Mill ſtreet, the ſecond houſe from Short ſtreet, Lexington.—Thoſe who pleaſe to favor him with their cuſtom may depend on having their work done in the neateſt and beſt manner and on the ſhorteſt notice.

Juſt publiſhed by John Bradford, and for ſale at his office, Lexington, and at the office of John Bradford & Son, Frankfort,

Price 18d.

EXTRACTS from the REVENUE LAWS of the UNITED STATES.

Comprehending ſuch parts of the exciſe laws,—laws laying duties on licenſes for ſelling wines &c.—on riding carriages,—on property ſold at auction—and on ſtamps, as appears beſt calculated for the information of ſuch as have not an opportunity of peruſing the laws of the general government.

Alſo, *(Price 4d.)*

A FEW COPIES OF THE

STAMP DUTIES,

Printed on thick paper, and calculated to be fitted into a pocket book.

Maſon county ſct.

May term 1798

William Chambers, complainant,

AGAINST

David Duncan, Alexander Cochran, Edward Thurſby, John T. Thom, James A. Thom, Hedgeman Thom, Allen Thom, Reuben Thom, Simon Tom, and George Thom, defendants.

IN CHANCERY.

IT appearing to the ſatisfaction of this court, that the defendants, Alexander Cochran, Edward Thurſby, John Thom, James A. Thom, Hedgeman Thom, Allen Thom, Reuben Thom, Simon Thom, and George Thom, heirs and repreſentatives of Robert S. Thom, decd. are not inhabitants of this ſtate, and they failing to appear and anſwer the complainants bill agreeable to law and the rules of this court;—upon motion of the ſaid complainant, by his attorney, it is ordered that unleſs they do appear here on the fifth day of the next Auguſt court in their proper perſons or by ſome attorney of this court, and anſwer the ſaid complainants bill, the ſame ſhall be taken for confeſſed. And it is further ordered, that a copy of this order be publiſhed according to law in the Kentucky Gazette or Herald, another poſted at the door of the Bapiſt meeting houſe in Waſhington immediately after divine ſervice, and a third at the door of the court houſe in ſaid town.

(A copy.) Teſte.

2m THOMAS MARSHALL, Clk.

JUST PUBLISHED,

And may be had at this office,

Acts of Aſſembly,

paſſed at the laſt ſeſſion.